

SECTION A: PURE MATHEMATICS
THIS SECTION IS COMPULSORY TO ALL CANDIDATES
(ANSWER FOUR QUESTIONS)

1. (i) Given that $(x - 2)$ and $(x - 1)$ are factors of $f(x)$, where $f(x) = 2x^2 + ax^2 + bx + 6$,
 (a) find the values of the constants a and b .
 Hence or otherwise,
 (b) solve the equation $f(x) = 0$.
- (ii) A quadratic equation $x^2 + x - 2 = 0$ has roots α and β . Without solving the equation,
 (a) write down the value of $\alpha^2 + \beta^2$,
 (b) find the quadratic equation, with integral coefficients, whose roots are $\frac{1}{\alpha^2}$ and $\frac{1}{\beta^2}$.
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2. (i) The sum, S_n , of the first n terms of a geometric progression is given by $S_n = 3 + \left(\frac{2}{3}\right)^n$. Find:
 (a) the common ratio;
 (b) the fifth term;
 (c) the sum to infinity, of the progression.
- (ii) Given that $f(x) = \left(x - \frac{2}{x^2}\right)^3$, find:
 (a) the first three terms in the expansion of $f(x)$, in descending powers of x ,
 (b) the numerical value of the term independent of x .
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3. (i) Solve, for $0^\circ < x < 360^\circ$, the equations
 (a) $\sin 2x + \cos x = 0$,
★ (b) $\tan^2 x + \sec x - 1 = 0$.
- (ii) Taking values of x at intervals of $\frac{\pi}{4}$ on the x -axis and 1 cm to represent $\frac{\pi}{4}$ on the x -axis and 2 cm to represent 1 unit on the y -axis, draw the graph of $f(x) = \cos 2x + \sin x$, for $0 < x < \pi$. Using your graph, estimate, to 3 decimal places, the maximum and minimum values of $y = f(x)$.
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4. (i) Differentiate, with respect to x ,
 (a) $\cos 3x$,
 (b) $\frac{x^2 + 1}{x - 1}$, $x \neq 1$, $x \in \mathbb{R}$.
- (ii) The derived function of the function f of the real variable x , is $2x^2 - 3x - 5$, find the equation of the normal to the curve $y = f(x)$ at the point $(0, 5)$.
- (iii) The function g is defined as $g(x) = ax^2 + bx$, where a and b are constants, and $x \in \mathbb{R}$. Given that $g'(1) = 8$ and $\int_0^1 g(x)dx = 12$, find the values of a and b .
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5. (a) The set $S = \{T_1, T_2, T_3, T_4\}$, where
 $T_1 = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}, \quad T_2 = \begin{pmatrix} -1 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 \end{pmatrix}, \quad T_3 = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}, \quad T_4 = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$
and the operation \otimes is defined as matrix multiplication on S ; e.g. $T_2 \otimes T_3 = T_1$.
- (a) Copy and complete the following table:
- | \otimes | T_1 | T_2 | T_3 | T_4 |
|-----------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| T_1 | T_2 | | | |
| T_2 | | T_1 | | |
| T_3 | | | T_1 | |
| T_4 | T_2 | | | |
- (b) Show that the set S forms a group under the operation \otimes .
(You may assume associativity).
- (c) Queen's foundation is to donate a maximum of 50 copies of English and Mathematics text books to a school library on the condition that:
Given that
- at least 25 copies of the books are English text books, and
- that the number of mathematics text books must be least 40% and at most 70% of the English textbooks.
- Taking x to represent the number of English text books and y to represent the number of Mathematics text books,
- (a) write down four inequalities that represent the conditions above.
- Taking 2cm to represent 10 units on both axes.
- (b) shade, so as to leave unshaded, the region satisfied by the four inequalities.
- Given also that an English text book costs £200PCA and a Mathematics text book costs £500PCA, use your graph, or otherwise, to find the maximum amount of money to be spent by the foundation for the donation.