

CAMEROON GENERAL CERTIFICATE OF EDUCATION BOARD
General Certificate of Education Examination

0562 CITIZENSHIP EDUCATION 1

JUNE 2017

ORDINARY LEVEL

Centre Number	
Centre Name	
Candidate Identification No.	
Candidate Name	

Mobile Phones are NOT allowed in the examination room.

MULTIPLE CHOICE QUESTION PAPER

One and a half hours

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

Read the following instructions carefully before you start answering the questions in this paper. Make sure you have a soft HB pencil and an eraser for this examination.

1. USE A SOFT HB PENCIL THROUGHOUT THE EXAMINATION.
2. DO NOT OPEN THIS BOOKLET UNTIL YOU ARE TOLD TO DO SO.

Before the examination begins:

3. Check that this question booklet is headed "0562 Citizenship Education 1 - Ordinary Level"
4. Fill the information required in the spaces above.
5. Fill in the information required in the spaces provided on the answer sheet using your HB pencil:

Candidate Name, Exam Session, Subject Code, Registration Centre Number and Candidate Number.

Take care that you do not crease or fold the answer sheet or make any marks on it other than those asked for in these instructions.

How to answer the questions in this examination

6. Answer ALL the 50 questions in this Examination. All questions carry equal marks.
7. Non-programmable calculators are not required.
8. Each question has FOUR suggested answers: A, B, C and D. Decide on which answer is appropriate. Find the number of the question on the Answer Sheet and draw a horizontal line across the letter to join the square brackets for the answer you have chosen.
For example, if C is your correct answer, mark C as shown below:
[A] [B] [C] [D]
9. Mark only one answer for each question. If you mark more than one answer, you will score a zero for that question. If you change your mind about an answer, erase the first mark carefully, then mark your new answer.
10. Avoid spending too much time on any one question. If you find a question difficult, move on to the next question. You can come back to that question later.
11. Do all rough work in this booklet using the blank spaces in the question booklet.
12. At the end of the examination, the invigilator shall collect first the answer sheet and then the question booklet. DO NOT ATTEMPT TO LEAVE THE EXAMINATION ROOM WITH ANY.

Turn Over

470562/1/A/MCQ

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1. A foreigner can acquire Cameroonian citizenship by
 - A Naturalisation
 - B Birth
 - C Settlement
 - D Nationalization
2. Which of the following is a right of a citizen?
 - A Payment of taxes
 - B Freedom of expression and the press
 - C Respect of the laws of the land
 - D Protection of public property
3. The responsibilities of a Cameroonian child in the home includes the following except
 - A Keeping the house clean
 - B Taking care of the elderly
 - C Helping in providing food
 - D Assisting in washing clothes of younger ones.
4. The daughter of one's aunt is called?
 - A Cousin
 - B Sister
 - C Niece
 - D Nephew
5. Which of the following is not a reason for early marriages in Cameroon?
 - A Teenage pregnancy
 - B Broken homes
 - C Bride wealth (price)
 - D Fear of divorce
6. An important function of a Disciplinary Council is to:
 - A Dismiss students
 - B Fight crime
 - C Supervise punishment
 - D Reward good behaviour
7. Select from the institutions below a typical Confessional school
 - A GBHS Etoug-Ebe, Yaounde
 - B PCHS Bamenda
 - C Saint Joseph's College Sasse- Buea
 - D CCAST Bambili
8. Truancy, smoking, fighting, sexual promiscuity and cheating are all social ills in a school environment. These can be corrected through...
 - A Corporal punishment
 - B Expulsion
 - C Suspension
 - D The Disciplinary Council
9. Which of the following social ills within the school milieu adversely affect female students?
 - A Smoking and alcohol consumption
 - B Sexual immorality
 - C Stealing and pick-pocketing
 - D Occultism
10. Select a suitable definition of a village.
 - A A territory with a traditional administrative set up whose members come from a common clan
 - B A geographical settlement smaller than a town with a Mayor as its head
 - C A group of people living in the same territory and speaking the same language.
 - D A group of people living in the same territory and headed by a Divisional Officer.
11. The most appropriate reason for rural exodus is:
 - A Search for employment
 - B Frequent health problems in villages
 - C Availability of electricity in towns
 - D Necessity to enjoy youthful exuberance.
12. The public official who plays the role of a supervisory authority over a Council in Cameroon is the
 - A Municipal Councilor
 - B Senior Divisional Officer
 - C Government Delegate
 - D Mayor
13. The most extensive natural ecosystem in Cameroon is
 - A Tropical Grassland
 - B Western Highlands
 - C Tropical Rain Forest
 - D The Coastal Lowlands
14. Which of the following activities contributes to the degradation of the natural environment?
 - A Tree planting
 - B Waste disposal
 - C Contour farming
 - D Land reclamation
15. Which of the following is the best way of handling household waste?
 - A Burying in the ground
 - B Recycling
 - C Burning
 - D Dumping by the roadside
16. Identify from the list below the smallest administrative unit in Cameroon
 - A District
 - B Division
 - C Region
 - D Sub- division.
17. Below is a list of administrative officials who run the services attached to the Governor's Office. Identify the one who has the rank of the Senior Divisional Officer
 - A Secretary General
 - B Private Secretary
 - C Director of Cabinet
 - D Technical Adviser

14. Which of these regions shares a boundary with neighbouring Nigeria?
A South
B Adamawa
C East
D Centre
15. The Governor serves as head of
A Region
B Division
C Sub- division
D District
16. The drug that has the highest rate of consumption among Cameroonians today is
A Marijuana
B Paracetamol
C Cocaine
D Alcohol
17. Choose from the diseases below the one that is not transmitted through sexual intercourse.
A Tuberculosis
B Syphilis
C Gonorrhoea
D Chlamydia
18. Measures taken by an evaluation body to check examination malpractices include the following except
A Suspension of candidates
B Withholding of results
C Cancellation of centres
D Dismissal of the principal.
19. In what ways does the Government of Cameroon fight against corruption?
A Torture and exile
B Victimization and imprisonment
C Arbitrary arrest and detention
D Trial and imprisonment.
20. Students who take drugs are exposed to the following except
A Delinquency
B Mental disorder
C Imprisonment
D Promiscuity
25. The Supreme State Control, the Audit Bench of the Supreme Court and the National Agency for Financial Investigation are some of the structures put in place by government to:
A Check and sanction corruption and embezzlers of public funds.
B Be the supreme organ to control all state activities in Cameroon
C Audit the supreme court and other courts in Cameroon
D Investigate all irregular financial transactions of government officials.
26. A direct vote in which the electorate is asked to either accept or reject a proposal on an issue of National importance is referred to as...
A Referendum
B List system
C General elections
D Plebiscite
27. The lyrics of the Cameroon National Anthem were written by:
A J.N. Foncha
B Bernard Fonlon
C E. M. L. Endeley
D S. T. Muna
28. Which of the following Constitutions gave birth to The United Republic of Cameroon?
A 1960
B 1961
C 1972
D 1996
29. According to the 1996 Constitution who assumes interim Head of State in the event of a vacancy at the Presidency of the Republic.
A President of the Senate
B Secretary General at the presidency
C Prime Minister and Head of Government
D President of the National Assembly.
30. The mandate of Parliamentarians in Cameroon is:
A 4 years:
B 5 years
C 6 years
D 7 years
31. The organ which has powers to appoint and take disciplinary actions against officials of the Justice Department in Cameroon is known as the:
A Constitutional Council
B Court of Impeachment
C Higher Judicial Council
D Supreme Court

Question 32 is based on the following photographs shown below:



32. The letter X on the photograph corresponds to:
A The ballot box
B The voters register
C The voters card
D The ballot paper
33. The Presidency, the National Assembly and the Supreme Court are important Republican Institutions in Cameroon because they all...
A Approve Treaties and Conventions
B Constitute Arms of Government exercising power
C Vote and interpret the laws of the country
D Supervise the work of members of Government
39. Cameroonians of voting age participate in all of the following electoral processes except:
A Registration
B Participation in electoral campaigns
C Convene the Electoral College
D Vote the President of the Republic
40. If the results of elections are falsified to reflect the wishes of the ruling party, we say these elections are
A Rigged
B Transparent
C Credible
D Reliable
41. The process of making goods and services available in the market is called...
A Consumption
B Exchange
C Production
D Distribution
42. The following are measures taken by the Government to provide social security to its citizens except:-
A Payment of family allowance
B Construction of roads
C Construction of low cost housing
D Recruitment of more soldiers.
34. Select the factor that does not necessarily lead to economic development
A Civil disobedience
B Abundant rainfall
C Atmosphere of social justice and peace
D Increase in savings
35. Where the proposed government expenditure far exceeds estimated revenue, this is called...
A Budget surplus
B Budget deficit
C Balanced budget
D Budget planning
36. Tax evasion is best defined as. ...
A Inability to pay taxes
B Delay in paying taxes
C Refusal to pay taxes
D Laxity towards collecting taxes
37. "The fundamental life long moral entitlements for an individual". This statement defines...
A Human Rights and Freedoms
B International humanitarian law
C Geneva Convention
D Universal Declaration of Human Rights
38. The following are responsible for the protection of human rights in Cameroon except
A The Human Right Commission
B The Penal Code
C The 1996 Constitution
D The Electoral Code
43. Which one of the following is a violation of human rights in Cameroon?
A Employment of domestic servants
B Regular police controls
C Flogging criminals guilty of rape
D Getting married to a 21 year old girl
44. What do you mean by the term armistice?
A A peace treaty ending a war
B The act of granting freedom and liberty
C Extension of voting rights to all adults
D An agreement signed by belligerents to stop fighting.
45. Which of the following is not one of the causes of inter-tribal wars in Cameroon?
A Inter tribal marriages
B Succession disputes
C Land disputes
D Party politics
46. The following are features of good governance in Cameroon except
A Responsiveness to people's needs
B Centralization of administration
C Transparency in decision making
D Responsibility in the exercise of power

32. A common practice in Cameroon that constitutes a violation of women's right is:
A Allowing women to inherit property
B Payment of dowry on women
C The practice of polygamy
D Female circumcision
33. The city where an important declaration on women emancipation was signed in the 1990's is
A Beijing
B Peking
C Geneva
D San Francisco
34. Which of the following can be considered as child labour?
A Forcing children to choose a profession while in school
B Offering holiday jobs to students
C Selling young people into slavery
D Employing minors to work for a salary
35. The process of globalization has been greatly advanced through the technological improvement in all of the following social media except
A Internet
B Cell phones
C Telegram
D Cable network

STOP

GO BACK AND CHECK YOUR WORK