

History 2
760

CAMEROON GENERAL CERTIFICATE OF EDUCATION BOARD

General Certificate of Education Examination

JUNE 2014

ADVANCED LEVEL

Subject Title	History
Paper No./Title	Paper 2 – Cameroon Since 1800
Subject Code No.	760

Three hours

Candidates are required to answer FOUR questions, choosing at least ONE from each of the sections. All the questions carry equal marks.

You are reminded of the necessity for good English and orderly presentation in your answers.

Turn Over

CAMEROON SINCE 1800

SECTION A: 1800 – 1922

1. "Natural factors and cultural beliefs were responsible for the movements of ethnic groups in Cameroon in the 19th century." How far is this true?
2. With reference to specific examples, examine the role of the various arms of the administration in the Grassland and Forest regions of Cameroon on the eve of European colonization.
3. Why and with what results did Modibo Adama launch the Jihads in Northern Cameroon in the 19th century?
4. Assess the achievements of the London Baptist Missionary Society (LBMS) along the Cameroon coast between 1841 and 1884.
5. Why did Germany annex Cameroon and how did the British, French and indigenous populations react to it?
6. Assess the impact of German plantations on the indigenous population between 1895 and 1914.

SECTION B: 1922 – 1961

7. Discuss the merits and demerits of the British policy of Indirect Rule in British Southern Cameroons during the mandate period.
8. "The most burning issue between the Duala and the French during the mandate period was land." Do you agree?
9. Account for and examine the consequences for Southern Cameroons of the joint administration with Nigeria.
10. What were the similarities and differences between the British and the French in the application of the Trusteeship Agreement in Cameroon?
11. Account for and examine the consequences of the UN-conducted plebiscite in British Southern Cameroons in 1961.
12. Which takes greater credit for the granting of independence to French Cameroon in 1960: internal or external factors?

SECTION C: 1961 TO PRESENT

13. To what do you attribute the failure of Southern Cameroons to attain the principal goals of the Bamenda All-Party Conference during the Constitutional arrangements with the Republic of Cameroon at Foumban in 1961?
14. Examine the causes and the consequences of the KNDP Crisis of 1963-1965 on the political evolution of West Cameroon.
15. Assess the efforts of Ahmadou Ahidjo in fostering socio-economic development in the state of East Cameroon.
16. Account for the abolition of multiparty politics in 1966 and its reintroduction in 1990.
17. To what extent can it be argued that the 1972 Referendum in Cameroon was a constitutional and political revolution?
18. What factors account for the unbroken rule of Paul Biya in Cameroon since 1982?