

EXAMINATIONS COUNCIL OF ZAMBIA

Joint Examination for the School Certificate
and General Certificate of Education Ordinary Level

CIVIC EDUCATION

2030/1

PAPER 1

Tuesday

30 OCTOBER 2012

Additional materials:

Multiple Choice answer sheet

Soft clean eraser

Soft pencil (type B or HB is recommended)

TIME: 1 hour 30 minutes

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

- 1 Do not open this question paper until you are told to do so.
- 2 Ensure that your name, centre number and candidate number are correctly written on the Answer Sheet provided.
- 3 There are **fifty (50)** questions in this paper. Answer **all** questions.
- 4 For each question there are four possible answers, **A, B, C** and **D**. Choose the correct one and shade your choice in clear pencil on the separate Answer Sheet.
- 5 **Read very carefully the instructions on the Answer Sheet.**

INFORMATION FOR CANDIDATES

- 1 Each correct answer will score one mark.
- 2 A mark will not be deducted for a wrong answer.
- 3 **Cell-phones are not allowed in the examination room.**

- 1 An alien is a person living in a country which is **not** his or her own. He or she may enjoy all the rights except ...
 - A civil rights.
 - B economic rights.
 - C political rights.
 - D social and cultural rights.
- 2 Which one is **not** a characteristic of good governance?
 - A Citizen participation
 - B Political intolerance
 - C Respect for human rights
 - D Separation of powers
- 3 In which year was the Drug Enforcement Commission (DEC) established?
 - A 1988
 - B 1989
 - C 1990
 - D 1992
- 4 The form of gratification which involves rendering of a service in return for a favour is called ...
 - A advances and loans.
 - B cash.
 - C kick back.
 - D payment in kind.
- 5 Which one of the following is **not** true about the constitution?
 - A A flexible constitution is either written or unwritten.
 - B A rigid constitution is always a written constitution.
 - C A written constitution is either rigid or flexible.
 - D Unwritten constitution is either rigid or flexible.
- 6 Zambia has a dual legal system and relies on ...
 - A Case law and Customary Law.
 - B English law and African Customary Law.
 - C Legislation and Customary Law.
 - D the Constitution and Acts of Parliament.
- 7 Under the intestate succession act, what percentage of the estate goes to the deceased's parents if the deceased did not have dependants?
 - A 10%
 - B 20%
 - C 30%
 - D 50%

- 8 Which of the following is **not** true about HIV and AIDS?
- A It does not yet have a cure.
 - B It is caused by a virus.
 - C You can be cured by having sex with a virgin.
 - D You cannot tell by looking.
- 9 The United Nations Organisation was prompted to come up with the Universal Declaration of Human Rights in 1948 with its main objective of ...
- A bringing to an end the killing of Jews by Adolf Hitler.
 - B promoting economic and social development.
 - C pursuing peace after the second world war claimed people's lives.
 - D setting up international standards for universal protection of human rights.
- 10 The deliberate effort by the state aimed at the achievement of certain goals is known as ...
- A Centralised planning.
 - B Development planning.
 - C Millennium Development Goals.
 - D Poverty Alleviation measures.
- 11 The culture of totems protected the environment through ...
- A Bio-diversity.
 - B Customary laws.
 - C Good planning.
 - D International treaties.
- 12 Gender Based Violence takes various forms. The type of violence which concerns violence towards the mind and takes the form of humiliation and threats is referred to as ...
- A physical violence.
 - B psychological violence.
 - C sexual violence.
 - D structural violence.
- 13 Which aspect of citizenship requires that a citizen should have a sense of responsibility to fulfill all his/her obligations to the various social groups that he or she belongs?
- A Constitutional aspect
 - B Cultural aspect
 - C Legal aspect
 - D Moral aspect
- 14 Good governance is important because ...
- A Government Leaders do not care for the welfare of the people.
 - B it enables citizens to enjoy full human rights and freedoms.
 - C opposition parties cannot be formed any how.
 - D people become servants instead of masters of the government.

- 15 In the process of constitution making and adoption, which method ensures that most citizens are involved in the constitution making?
- A By parliament
 - B Constituent Assembly
 - C Constitutional Conference
 - D Referendum
- 16 The basic aims of development are ...
- A acquiring donor aid.
 - B bringing more investors in the country.
 - C life sustenance, self esteem and freedom.
 - D self respect and donor dependence.
- 17 Which one of the following is **not** true about the right of a suspect in pre-trial procedure?
- A A person can sue the state if the police imprison him or her falsely.
 - B The accused is allowed to consult with lawyers or other legal practitioners even when in custody.
 - C The police can detain the parents or any relative of a suspect as hostage in order to compel the suspect to surrender himself or herself.
 - D The person arrested without a search warrant should be released if not tried before a reasonable time.
- 18 Which gender concept is meant to ensure that all job offers and appointments are done on merit?
- A Gender equity
 - B Gender equality
 - C Gender roles
 - D Stereo-typing
- 19 "We shall not know peace until we learn to be right and fair" This statement is advocating for?
- A Conflicts
 - B Justice
 - C Negotiation
 - D Reconciliation
- 20 Mandatory testing for HIV and AIDS is a violation of the ...
- A Freedom of Choice.
 - B Right to Life.
 - C Right to Medical care.
 - D Right to Privacy.
- 21 Narrow locus stand in Zambia is such that ...
- A all cases must be handled by lawyers.
 - B only a person whose rights have been violated can apply for redress.
 - C only the person can challenge government action in the public interest.
 - D only the police should handle cases of human rights.

- 22 In Zambia, there are only **two** types of marriages that are recognised by law. Which ones are these?
- A Cohabitation and Customary marriage
 - B Cohabitation and Religious marriage
 - C Customary and Statutory marriage
 - D Statutory and Religious marriage
- 23 ... means not having enough to sustain human life.
- A Absolute poverty
 - B Income perspective
 - C Poverty Index
 - D Relative poverty
- 24 Germany has donated \$250 000 to help Zambia build schools to meet the demands of the growing population. This type of aid is called ...
- A bilateral.
 - B expertise.
 - C multilateral.
 - D tied.
- 25 In some countries for a foreigner to acquire citizenship of a host country, he or she must show evidence of good moral character, proof of sufficient financial standing and knowledge of national official language. Which prescribed condition below demands the above requirement?
- A Principle of declaration of a form
 - B Renunciation of previous citizenship
 - C The principles of marriage
 - D The rule of residence
- 26 Which of the following statements explains the importance of culture?
- A Developed countries benefit from less developed countries.
 - B It does not promote human rights.
 - C It makes society not develop as they have to stick to the traditions.
 - D It reinforces others' identity and the ability to critically reflect on it.
- 27 After taking a lot of alcohol on a Saturday evening, Beela and Mukata started feeling very warm when in reality they were losing heat. This can lead to a condition commonly referred to as ...
- A delirium tremens.
 - B cirrhosis.
 - C cold Turkey.
 - D hypothermia.

- 28 Red tape is another cause of corruption. Which of the following causes of corruption is also known as red tape?
- A Abuse of power
 - B Lack of political will
 - C Lack of press freedom
 - D Unnecessary long procedures
- 29 ... is **not** an impact of HIV and AIDS in Zambia.
- A Increased number of orphans
 - B Loss of human hours
 - C Loss of productive age group
 - D Reduced infant mortality
- 30 Specialised International Human Rights treaties focus on ...
- A all people in the world.
 - B civil and political rights.
 - C particular human rights issue.
 - D social, economic and cultural rights.
- 31 Which indicator of development includes only income within the country?
- A Gross Domestic Product (GDP)
 - B Gross National Product (GNP)
 - C Human Development Index (HDI)
 - D The World Bank (WB)
- 32 Bio-diversity is a term used to describe a large variety and variability of living things and ecological environment in which they occur. Which one of the following is **not** considered in the three levels of Bio-diversity?
- A Cultural diversity
 - B Eco-system diversity
 - C Genetic diversity
 - D Species diversity
- 33 Millennium Development Goals (MDG's) are eight global development targets. Which one of the following is **not** part of the eight Millennium Development Goals?
- A Achieve Universal Primary Education by 2015.
 - B Ensure environmental sustainability by 2015.
 - C Eradicate extreme poverty by 2015.
 - D Reduction of debt stock by 2015.
- 34 Which one of the following is **not** a way of protecting yourself against sexual assault?
- A Allowing only people you trust in the house.
 - B Avoiding situations that make you feel unsafe.
 - C Getting help from police or people nearby.
 - D Making your home secure.

- 35 In the pursuit of good governance, the state endeavours to ...
- A follow judicial proceedings.
 - B observe the outcome of judicial proceedings.
 - C provide good constitution to citizens.
 - D provide peace in the country.
- 36 Njamba and his friends speak, dress, play, eat and believe in different things yet belong to the large general culture. What type of culture is portrayed in the situation above?
- A Cultural homogeneity
 - B Ideal culture
 - C Real culture
 - D Sub culture
- 37 Drugs are substances that are usually abused. A drug is a substance which alters the chemistry of the body and affects the natural balance of the mind and emotions. Mulenga took a lot of heroin. What would be the effect of the mentioned drug on Mulenga?
- A Damage to the heart and kidney.
 - B Exhaustion and lack of sleep.
 - C Heart and blood circulation problem.
 - D Severe weight loss.
- 38 The government intends to repair one of the major roads in the country. Instead of following the tender procedures, an official working for the Zambia Public Procurement Authority corruptly awarded the contract to a friend who owns a construction company but not a qualified engineer. The effect of this act will be ...
- A distorting standards.
 - B lack of economic growth.
 - C perpetuating human suffering.
 - D preventing enforcing of the law.
- 39 Magistrate Mumbuna's daughter was brought to Kabongwe magistrate court in a case in which she hired two men to kill her ex-boyfriend. According to the principles of natural justice, how should Judge Mumbuna handle the case when it is brought to him?
- A Acquit the daughter and the two killers.
 - B Imprison both the daughter and the two killers.
 - C Recuse himself from handling the case.
 - D Refer the case to the high court.
- 40 The National Gender Policy has the following provisions **except** one.
- A Achievement of equal and full participation of men and women.
 - B Implementation of business programmes for women.
 - C Main streaming of gender concerns in the development process.
 - D Provision of the legal framework and mandate for every stakeholder to address imbalances.

- 41 In a situation where there is violence among political parties concerned during campaign for an election, there is likely to be hatred and conflicts among members of the parties. What is the best method of resolving such conflicts?
- A Arbitration
 - B Counselling
 - C Litigation
 - D Mitigation
- 42 People with HIV and AIDS are treated negatively by the society they live in, what would be the best way of dealing with the negative attitude towards people living with HIV and AIDS?
- A All people to go for testing and counselling.
 - B Discourage people with HIV and AIDS from having children.
 - C Isolating people living with HIV and AIDS to special areas.
 - D Sensitize the people on the need to embrace people living with HIV and AIDS.
- 43 Magna carter is one of the earliest documents to have contained elements of Human Rights in the world. Suggest the short comings of this document. The document ...
- A had only civil and political rights.
 - B was not legally binding to member states.
 - C was not universal in nature.
 - D was prepared by the Europeans only.
- 44 Child abuse is a serious problem that needs concerted efforts in order to curb it. Which of the following is the **best** way of addressing child abuse?
- A Enacting stiffer punishment for abusers.
 - B Frightening the abusers.
 - C Refusing to take off clothes.
 - D Try to make your home as secure as possible.
- 45 A citizen has personal and civic responsibilities. Which of the following does **not** fall under personal responsibilities?
- A Adhering to morals.
 - B Performing public services.
 - C Supporting one's family.
 - D Taking care of oneself.
- 46 The disintergration of ... has led to the increase of street kids in Zambia.
- A extended family system
 - B hospitality system
 - C respect for elders
 - D rites of passage system

- 47 The gender imbalances and discrimination in the Zambian media is caused by all of the following **except** ...
- A inaccessibility of information on women concerning their role in development.
 - B low levels of professional women participation in public life.
 - C negative portrayal of images of women role models.
 - D promotion of equality for women through improved nutrition.
- 48 "People spend money to fulfill their present needs hence end up being extravagant." Sakala said. Which factor of capital accumulation is described above?
- A Consumption habits
 - B Lack or not having future plans.
 - C Low incomes.
 - D Poverty.
- 49 Peace can be defined in so many ways. Some people have defined it as absence of war and violence. However, there are some countries that have never experienced war and violence yet there is no peace. What would you say is the best definition of peace?
- A Harmony with the environment.
 - B Presence of justice.
 - C State of harmony.
 - D Unity of love.
- 50 A person is said to be living in poverty if he or she lacks necessities such as food, clothing, shelter and ability to participate in community activities . This perspective is called ...
- A basic needs
 - B capability
 - C income
 - D survival or life expectancy