

CAMEROON GENERAL CERTIFICATE OF EDUCATION BOARD
Technical and Vocational Education Examinations

PHILOSOPHY 1
7075



JUNE XXXX

ADVANCED LE

Specialty(Specialty Code)	
Centre No.	
Centre Name	
Candidate No.	
Candidate Name	

Mobile phones are **NOT** allowed in the examination room

7075 PHILOSOPHY 1: MULTIPLE CHOICE QUESTION PAPER

One and a half hours

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

Read the following instructions carefully before you start answering the questions in this paper. Make sure you have a soft HB pencil and an eraser for this examination.

1. USE A SOFT HB PENCIL THROUGHOUT THE EXAMINATION.
2. DO NOT OPEN THIS BOOKLET UNTIL YOU ARE TOLD TO DO SO.

Before the examination begins:

3. Check that this question booklet is headed **Advanced Level – 7075 PHILOSOPHY 1**
4. Insert the information required in the spaces above.
5. Insert the information required in the spaces provided on the answer sheet using your HB pencil:
Candidate Name, Exam Session, Subject Code, Centre Number and Candidate Number. Take care that you do not crease or fold the answer sheet or make any marks on it other than those asked for in these instructions.
6. **Answer ALL questions**
7. Each question has FOUR suggested answers: **A, B, C** and **D**. Decide on which answer is correct. Find the number of the question on the Answer Sheet and draw a horizontal line across the letter to join the square brackets for the answer you have chosen.
For example, if **C** is your correct answer, mark **C** as shown below:
[A] [B] **C** [D]
8. Mark only one answer for each question. If you mark more than one answer, you will score a zero for that question. If you change your mind about an answer, erase the first mark carefully, then mark your new answer.
9. Avoid spending too much time on any one question. If you find a question difficult, move on to the next question. You can come back to this question later.
10. Do all rough work in this booklet, using, where necessary, the blank spaces in the question booklet.
11. Texts, notes and pre-prepared materials of any kind are also **NOT** allowed in the examination room.
12. **At the end of the examination, the invigilator shall collect the answer sheet first and then the question booklet after. DO NOT ATTEMPT TO LEAVE THE EXAMINATION HALL WITH IT.**

Turn Over

1. One main importance of Philosophy is that it...

A	Leads to arguments
B	Helps man to reason clearly
C	Helps man to know about God
D	Deals with man

2. Philosophy begins with...

A	Doubts
B	Experiments
C	Analyses
D	Understanding

3. What is the compatibility between Philosophy and religion?

A	Both are concerned with man
B	Both are concerned with nature
C	Both are concerned with the society
D	Both are critical

4. Give two Philosophers who propounded the racist view for the non -existence of African philosophy.

A	Levy Bruhl and Rene Descarte
B	Nkwame Nkrumah and Frederick Hegel
C	Placide Temples and Kwasi Wiredu
D	Levy Bruhl and Hegel

5. Who is the Western Philosopher who thinks that Africans are incapable of rational thinking because they have been victims of slavery ?

A	Karl Marx
B	Levy Bruhl
C	Frederich Hegel
D	Heidegger

6. Ethno-Philosophy is the study of...

A	Man and the universe
B	Philosophical system of a given people
C	The earth's revolution
D	Geographical features

7. Who defines African Philosophy as a collection of beliefs, myths and practices?

A	Kwasi Wiredu
B	Henry Oruka
C	Placide Temples
D	Levy Bruhl

8. The instinctive part of the human mind is known as...

A	Ego
B	Id
C	Super ego
D	Alter ego

9. Another word for self is...

A	Ego
B	Super ego
C	Id ego
D	Pure Ego

10. Who sees « the self » as a thinking substance ?

A	Sigmund Freud
B	Rene Descartes
C	John Locke
D	Immanuel Kant

11. The awareness of one's own thoughts, memories, feelings and sensations can best be described as...

A	Consciousness
B	Knowledge
C	Intelligence
D	Visions

12. Innate intelligence can best be linked to...

A	Environmental considerations
B	Social consideration
C	Genetic considerations
D	Educational consideration

13. The philosophical ideology which holds that knowledge is a product of experience is known as...

A	Rationalism
B	Epicureanism
C	Empericism
D	Existentialism

14. Which of these is the main generator of desire ?

A	Passion
B	Lack
C	Reason
D	Creativity

15. Which of the following is **NOT** a function of the state?

A	Providing wealth and material comfort to citizens
B	Guaranteeing respect for human rights and preventing conflict in society
C	Increasing collective wellbeing of the citizens and maintaining order
D	Promoting dynamism and stability in the society

16. Which pair constitutes the most appropriate qualities of a good law

A	It must be in accordance with reason, it must be promulgated by a legislator
B	It must have divine character, it should be for common good
C	It must preserve the liberty of people, it must come from the natural law
D	It must have a legal nature, it should not be discriminatory in its application

17. A centralised system of government in which a single party without opposition rules is known as:

A	Dictatorship
B	Tyranny
C	Aristocracy
D	Totalitarianism

18. Which of the following philosophers is the author of the Social Contract theory?

A	Jean Jacques Rousseau
B	Thomas Hobbes
C	Plato
D	John Locke

19. One of the main characteristics of a state is...

A	The state is a God's creation
B	The state is a legal entity
C	The state is a sociological entity
D	The state is melting pot for all citizens

20. What could cause the state to lose credibility in the eyes of her citizens?

A	If the state fails to provide wealth for its citizens
B	If the state fails to build the spirituality of its citizens
C	If the state becomes a destroyer of individual liberty and creativity
D	If the state promotes tribalism

21. Which of the following is the most significant expectation of the state from its citizens?

A	Share in the national cake
B	Send children to school
C	Pay taxes to the state
D	Love one another

22. Which theory on the origin of the state postulates that the state is an instrument of God's will?

A	The Social Contract theory
B	The Force theory
C	The Theory of General Interest
D	The theory of Divine Will

23. Who is the author of Essay Concerning Human Understanding?

A	Aristotle
B	Socrates
C	Plato
D	John Locke

24. In Hobbes' State of Nature, man's life is...

A	Brutish and Short
B	Uncivilized and hard
C	Difficult and bitter
D	Uncontrolled and disastrous

25. Which two of the following can be considered as qualities of good governance?

A	Social Justice and Social welfare
B	Legitimacy and Accountability
C	Accountability and Responsiveness
D	Legitimacy and Social welfare

26. Who amongst these is a proponent of empiricism?

A	John Locke
B	Descartes
C	Socrates
D	Plato

27. All laws must have mores and taboos. This is same as saying that laws must ...?

A	Be reasonable and practical
B	Be binding to all and sundry
C	Be accepted and respected
D	Have Dos and Don'ts

28. In the same country, Mr. A embezzles state funds, is tried and jailed while Mr. B embezzles state funds is tried and set free. What single word best describes this situation?

A	Lawlessness
B	Injustice
C	Disorder
D	Nepotism

Turn Over

29. Which two respective qualities of God claim that he is unchangeable and all knowing?

A	Eternity and Omnipotence
B	Omniscience and immutability
C	Immutability and Omniscience
D	Omnipotence and Eternity

30. Which doctrine postulates that man's actions will have an impact on the individual for some time, even after death?

A	Karma
B	Reincarnation
C	Immortality
D	Metempsychosis

31. The view that a perfect being would not be perfect if it did not exist is an argument which is:

A	Cosmological
B	Teleological
C	Ontological
D	Moral

32. Mrs. Ngum believes that God does not exist. Which philosophical term can be used to describe her?

A	Non-believer
B	Atheist
C	Theist
D	Agnostic

33. Africans worship several gods. How best can we describe Africans' conception of God?

A	Monotheism
B	Polytheism
C	Pantheism
D	Deism

34. Which Philosopher holds that God is dead?

A	Plato
B	Socrates
C	Nietzsche
D	Jean Paul Satre

35. To say God is omnipotent is same as to say ___?

A	God is all powerful
B	God is forever the same
C	God is all knowing
D	God is forever present

36. Drug addiction and drug abuse are common amongst youths in our society. Which kind of evil does this represent?

A	Moral evil
B	Natural evil
C	Metaphysical evil
D	Juvenile delinquency

37. One concrete example of metaphysical evil is ___?

A	Earth quakes
B	Abortion
C	Disabilities
D	Wars

38. Which of the reasons below is most appropriate in justifying why some people think that God is responsible for the presence of evil in the world?

A	God created an imperfect world
B	God is the author of everything in the world
C	God controls man
D	God abandoned the world he created

39. Which theory holds that man's existence ends with death?

A	Resurrection
B	Immortality
C	Reincarnation
D	Dissolution

40. Christians believe that man's life continues after death. What philosophico-religious position justifies this view?

A	Reincarnation
B	Dissolution
C	Immortality
D	Scientism

41. Which kind of freedom is manifested by a student who beats up a teacher in class?

A	Freedom of independence
B	Negative freedom
C	Freedom of choice
D	Freedom to act

42. A thief overpowers Susan and seizes her purse. Which is the fitting modifier of moral responsibility here?

A	Fear
B	Force
C	Ignorance
D	Passion

43. Freedom can be generally considered as....

A	Acting on freewill
B	Absence of problems
C	Absence of constraints
D	Acting according to the law

44. Owing to the fact that man's character is influenced by his environment and past experiences, we say man is not free. What kind of determinism best describes man in this situation?

A	Psychological determinism
B	Theological determinism
C	Hard determinism
D	Soft determinism

45. Which of the following is **NOT** a characteristic of results obtained through the scientific method?

A	It should be empirical
B	It should be verifiable
C	It should be objective
D	It should be permanent

46. The way of life of a people is termed...

A	Habit
B	Culture
C	Nature
D	Attitude

47. Give a major characteristic of culture

A	Culture is static
B	Culture is non-transmissible
C	Culture is dynamic
D	Culture is erosive

48. Which branch of Philosophy deals with issues of witchcraft?

A	African religion
B	African socialism
C	African metaphysics
D	African politics

49. What is the role of culture in development?

A	Culture influences relationships
B	Culture is a form of social control and promoter of social integration and cohesion
C	Culture affects dressing and language
D	Culture is the foundation for everything

50. Which form of art is a beautiful representation of reality?

A	Physical arts
B	Intellectual art
C	Spiritual art
D	Fine arts

NOW GO BACK AND CHECK YOUR WORK

Turn Over