

**ELECTRICAL/ ELECTRONIC APPLIED MECHANICS2**  
**7218**

**CAMEROON GENERAL CERTIFICATE OF EDUCATION BOARD**

Technical and Vocational Education Examination

**JUNE 2020**

**ADVANCED LEVEL**

Specialty Name (Specialty Code)	<b>ELECTRICAL POWER SYSTEM-EPS (F3) &amp; ELECTRONICS-ELN (F2)</b>
Subject Title	<b>ELECTRICAL/ ELECTRONICS APPLIED MECHANICS</b>
Paper No.	<b>2</b>
Subject Code No.	<b>7218</b>

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**Three hours**

**INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES**

- The paper comprises three compulsory sections :
  - Section A (STATICS): Candidate should answer TWO Questions
  - Section B (KINEMATICS): Candidate should answer ALL Questions
  - Section C (DYNAMICS): Candidate should answer ONE Question
- Illustrate your answers with neat sketches wherever necessary.
- Preferably, write the answers in sequential order.
- Use of non-programmable calculator is permissible
- This paper carries 35% of the total marks.

*You are reminded of the necessity for good English and orderly presentation in your answers.*

*You are advised to read carefully through the question paper, before you begin your answers.*

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**Turn Over**

## SECTION A STATICS

(Attempt any TWO of the following questions)

### QUESTION 1: (10marks)

Figure 1 below represents a "clamp" of rapid tightening of machining represented at a small scale. The piece to machine **4** is put on a frame **0** to assure tightening and maintain of the piece at point **F**. The effort is given by the hydraulic Jack **1+2**. The jack is joined at **A** on **0** and on the axle **B** where the pieces **3** and **6** are joined. The fork **6** transmits the tightening effort by the intermediary of the axis **D** and assures the maintaining of the clamp at **E**, by the intermediary of the frame **0**. We suppose that all the links are perfects and all the forces are on the plane of the paper.

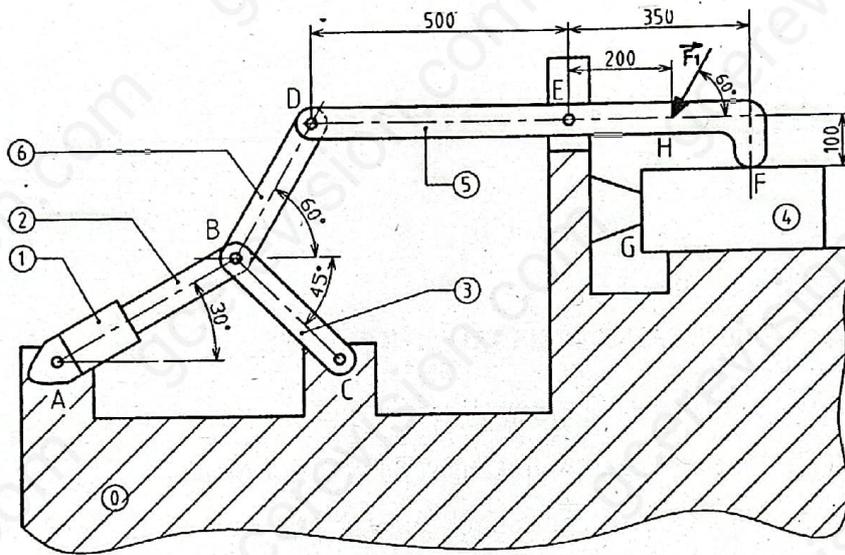


Figure 1

#### Hypothesis:

- The jack **1+2** exerts a pressure of **0.1MPa** ( $1\text{Pa} = 1\text{N}\cdot\text{m}^{-2}$ ), having a diameter of **12cm**.
- The force  $\vec{F}_1$  is of magnitude **50daN**.
- We consider **4** to be held firm.
- Coefficient of friction between **5** and **4** at **F** is  $f_0 = 0.2$

1. Determine the force  $\vec{B}_{2/7}$

(3 marks)

2. Figure 1.a below represents the mechanical actions applied at point B acting on pin **7**.

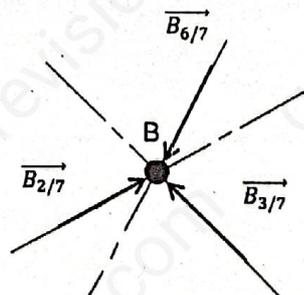


Figure 1a

a- Determine analytically the reactions on the axle **B**,  $\|\vec{B}_{3/7}\|$  and  $\|\vec{B}_{6/7}\|$ . Take:  $\|\vec{B}_{2/7}\| = 1130\text{N}$

(3 marks)

b-The free body diagram of the clamp 5 is given on the figure 2 below.

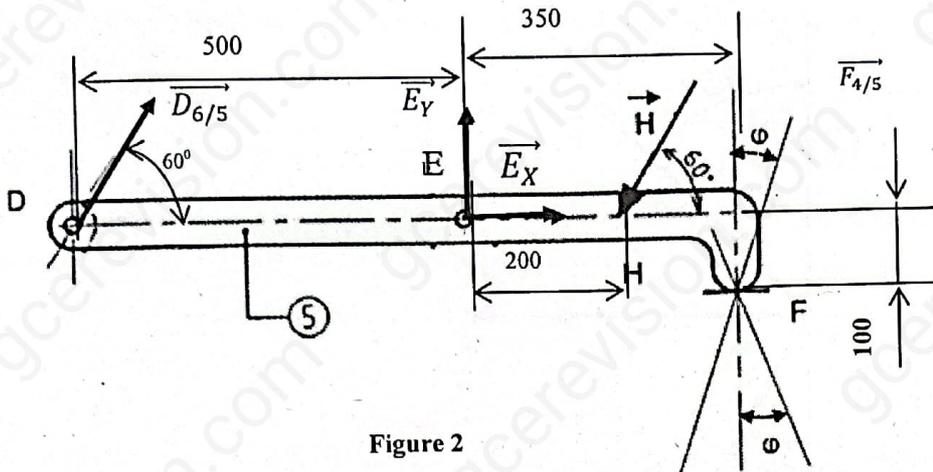


Figure 2

Determine analytically the magnitudes  $\|E_{0/5}\|$  and  $\|F_{4/5}\|$ .

(4marks)

Take  $\|D_{5/6}\| = 1130\text{N}$  and  $\|F_1\| = 50\text{daN}$ .

QUESTION 2: (10 marks)

The jib crane shown below on figure 3 is supported by a pin at C and rod AB

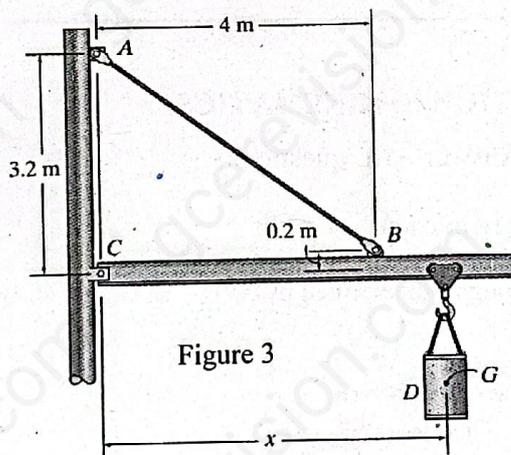


Figure 3

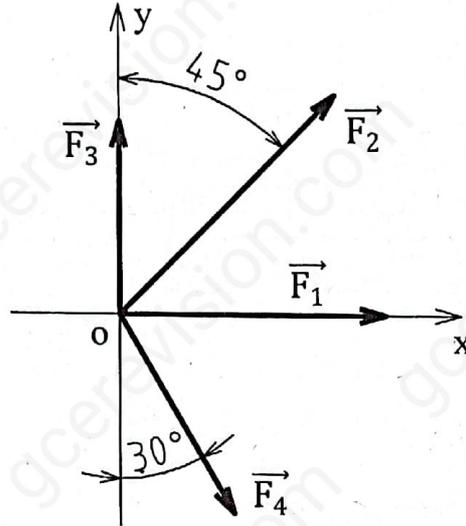
The load has a mass of 200 Kg with its center of mass located at G.

a- Draw the free body diagram of the jib crane. (3 marks)

b- Determine the components of the reaction at the pin C and the force developed in rod AB on the crane when  $x = 5\text{m}$ . (7marks)

**QUESTION 3:****(10marks)**

The figure 5 below represents four coplanar forces  $F_1$ ,  $F_2$ ,  $F_3$  and  $F_4$ .



- a- Determine analytically the X and Y components of each of the forces on the figure above. **(4 marks)**
- b- Determine analytically the components  $R_x$  and  $R_y$  of the resultant of the forces. **(4 marks)**
- c- Determine the magnitude and the line support of the resultant with respect to the x-axis. **(2 marks)**

**Given Data:**  $F_1=35\text{N}$ ;  $F_2=40\text{N}$ ;  $F_3=25\text{N}$ ;  $F_4=30\text{N}$ .

**SECTION B: KINEMATICS**

(Answer ALL questions)

**QUESTION 1:****(10 marks)**

The position of a particle which moves along a straight line defined by  $X=t^3 - 6t^2 - 15t + 40$  where X is expressed in meter and t in seconds. Determine:

- a- The time when the velocity will be equal to zero. **(2 marks)**
- b- The distance travelled by the particle at that time. **(2 marks)**
- c- The acceleration of the particle at the time. **(3 marks)**
- d- The distance travelled by the particle from  $t=4$  seconds to  $t=6$ seconds. **(3 marks)**

**QUESTION 2:****(10marks)**

Figure 5 below represents a pulley assimilated to a full cylinder with radius  $R = 80 \text{ mm}$  and mass  $M = 3 \text{ kg}$ .

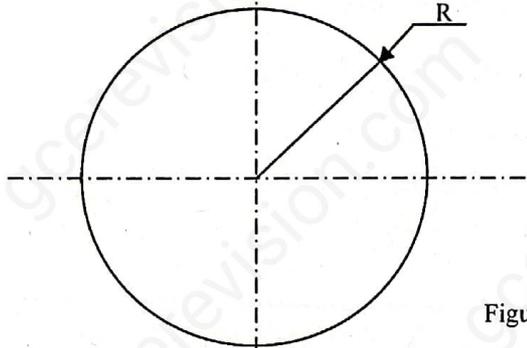


Figure 5

During the starting phase of its motion, the rotational velocity of the pulley passes from  $N_0 = 0$  to  $N_1 = 51 \text{ rev/min}$  with time  $t = 1.5 \text{ s}$  describing a uniformly accelerated circular motion.

- a- Determine the angular acceleration of the pulley at the starting phase; **(6 marks)**  
 b- Determine the number of revolution done by the pulley during the starting phase. **(4marks)**

**SECTION C: DYNAMICS**

Attempt any **ONE** of the following questions.

**QUESTION 1:****(10 marks)**

Figure 6 below represents a lorry of 4 tonestowing a load mass of 7 tones upward an inclined road by  $30^\circ$  with the horizontal axis to a distance of 500 m. The resistance to rolling is 22 N/tonne and the acceleration  $0.5 \text{ m/s}^2$ .

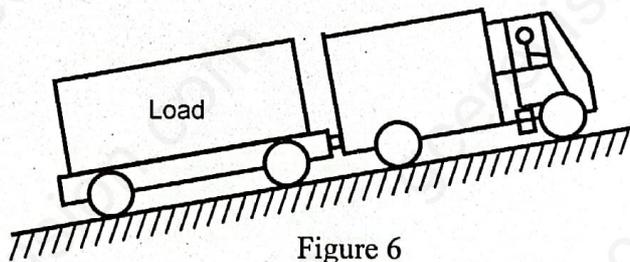


Figure 6

- a- Calculate the pulling force of the lorry's engine. **(2 marks)**  
 b- Determine the total work done. **(3 marks)**  
 c- Determine the velocity of the lorry if it is starting from rest. **(3 marks)**  
 d- Calculate the power developed. **(2 marks)**

**QUESTION 2: (10marks)**

A basketball of mass 600 g which was resting on a hoop falls to the ground 3.05 m below.

- a- Calculate the maximum kinetic energy of the ball when it falls.

(6 marks)

On bouncing from the ground the ball loses 6 joules of energy.

- b- Explain what happens to the energy lost by the ball.

(3 marks)

- c- Calculate the height of the first bounce of the ball.

(3 marks)

Take:  $g=9.81 \text{ m/s}^2$

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