

GENERAL CERTIFICATE OF EDUCATION BOARD

Technical and Vocational Education Examination

Engineering Science 2

5155

JUNE 2022

INTERMEDIATE LEVEL

Specialty Name and Acronym	All Industrial Specialties
Subject Title	ENGINEERING SCIENCE 2
Subject Code No.	5155
Paper No.	2

Duration: 2 hours 30 minutes

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

This Paper has Eight Questions. Answer Any Six.

All Questions carry equal marks

Paper Two carries 60% of the total mark.

Where necessary, take the value of the acceleration due to gravity as 10m/s^2 and π as $22/7$.

Calculators are allowed

You are reminded of the necessity for good English and orderly presentation in your answers.

1. (a) A truck of mass 3600 kg collides with a lorry of mass 2800 kg. The truck had a velocity of 20 m/s and the lorry 30m/s. The two got stuck together and moved in one direction before coming to rest.
- State the law of conservation of momentum. (2 marks)
 - What is the common velocity after collision? (3 marks)
- (b) Figure 1 shows a car moving in the forward direction with forces A, B, C and D acting on it.

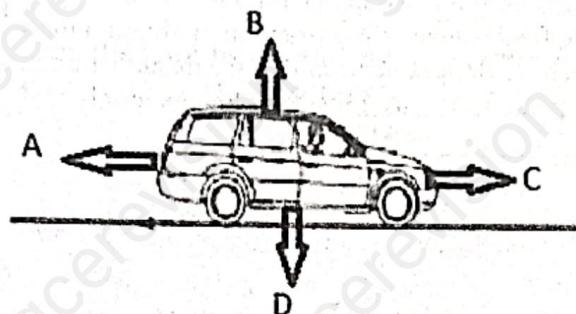


Figure 1

- Name the forces acting on the car. (4 marks)
- Which of the forces increases when the brakes are applied? (1 mark)
- Which force increases when the accelerator pedal is pressed down? (1 mark)
- Given that the forces have values; $A = 600 \text{ N}$, $B = 8000 \text{ N}$, $C = 1000 \text{ N}$ and $D = 8000 \text{ N}$. Calculate the mass of the car. (2 marks)
- What is the resultant force on the car? (2 marks)

2. Consider the circuit diagram in figure 1 below.

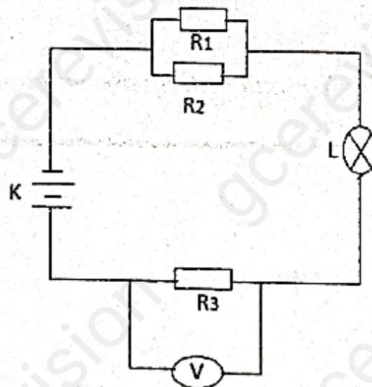


Figure 1

- Identify the components K, L and V. (3 marks)
- Given that $R_1 = 6 \Omega$, $R_2 = 6 \Omega$, $R_3 = 1 \Omega$ and the e.m.f of $K = 8 \text{ V}$. Determine:
 - The total resistance in the circuit. (2 marks)
 - The current flowing through R_3 . (2 marks)
 - The reading of the component V in the circuit. (1 mark)
- Using the same components, draw a circuit that will make the current flowing through R_3 to reduce. (3 marks)
- What would be observed in the circuit that would confirm that the current has reduced? (1 mark)
- Calculate the cost of using a 60 W bulb continuously for 29 days if one unit of electricity costs 60FCFA. (3 marks)

3. (a) State with a reason, which of the following metal: aluminium, gold, and iron is used for making
- (i) axe (2 marks)
 - (ii) cooking pots (2 marks)
 - (iii) jewelleryes. (2 marks)
- (b) Metals are extracted from earthly impurities called ores by different industrial processes.
- (i) Name the ore from which aluminium is extracted. (1 mark)
 - (ii) Name the industrial process used for extracting aluminium. (1 mark)
 - (iii) Write the equation for the final stage in the extraction of aluminium. (2 marks)
- (c) Give two reasons why plastics are preferable to iron in the manufacture of water pipes (2 marks)
- (d) State three properties which make stones useful as building materials. (3 marks)

4. (a) Copy and complete the table below concerning the element X. (X is not the usual symbol of the element)

Isotope	Number of protons	Number of neutrons
${}^{79}_{35}\text{X}$		
${}^{81}_{35}\text{X}$		

- (b) What do you understand by redox reaction? (4 marks)
- (c) Classify the following chemical equations as **oxidation reaction** or **reduction reaction**. (1 mark)
- (i) $\text{N}_2 + 3\text{H}_2 \rightarrow \text{NH}_3$ (1 mark)
 - (ii) $2\text{Ca} + \text{O}_2 \rightarrow 2\text{CaO}$ (1 mark)
- (d) Which type of bonding exists in each of the following compounds?
- (i) Carbon dioxide (CO_2). (1 mark)
 - (ii) Sodium chloride (NaCl) (1 mark)
- (e) Rusting is an oxidation process that causes a lot of damage on structures made of iron.
- (i) State two substances that must be present for iron to get rusted. (2 marks)
 - (ii) What is the best way to prevent an iron door from rusting? (1 mark)
- (f) (i) State the fundamental law of magnetism. (2 marks)
- (ii) Give one use of magnets (1 mark)

5. (a) Select appropriate words from the list in the bracket that corresponds to the letters K, L, M, N and P in the paragraph below. (non-renewable, kinetic, chemical, electrical, heat)

Most power stations use _____ K _____ sources of energy, such as coal or oil. These fossil fuels are initially burnt in a boiler. This converts the _____ L _____ energy in the fuel to _____ M _____ energy. A turbine then converts this energy into _____ N _____ energy, which in turn is converted to _____ P _____ energy by a generator. (5 marks)

- (b) A 4.7Ω resistor manufactured from a tungsten wire has a power rating of 10 W, cross-sectional area of $2.0 \times 10^{-7} \text{ m}^2$ and resistivity of $5.0 \times 10^{-7} \Omega \text{ m}$. Calculate:
- (i) The maximum current that should pass through the resistor. (2 marks)
 - (ii) The maximum p.d across the resistor. (1 mark)
 - (iii) The length of the wire used to make the resistor. (2 marks)
- (c) What is the importance of the following components in a circuit?
- (i) Earth wire. (1 mark)
 - (ii) Fuse (1 mark)
- (d) In hospitals, taps with long control handles are used in order to avoid contamination as shown in figure 2 below.

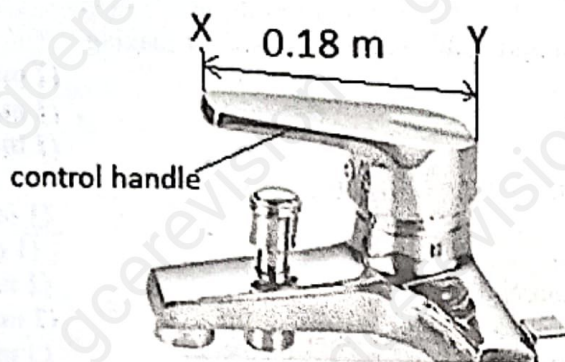


Figure 2

- (i) Apart from avoiding contamination, give one other advantage of using taps with long control handles. (1 mark)
- (ii) If a nurse applies a force of 3.5 N at the point X, 0.18 m from the Y in order to turn open the tap, calculate the maximum moment produced. (2 marks)

- 6.(a) The curve in figure 3 below shows the processes involved in converting a given mass of ice to steam by continuous heating.

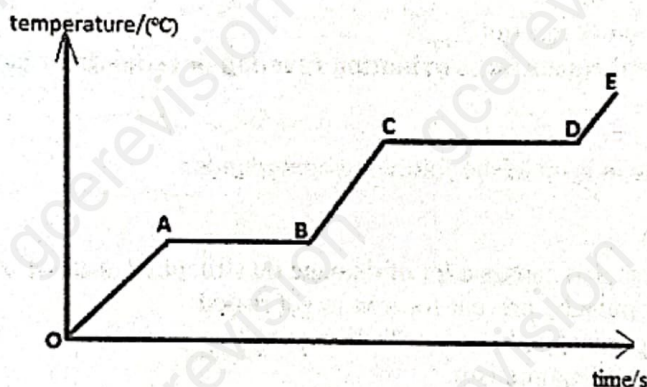


Figure 3

- (i) Name the processes represented by OA, AB, BC, CD and DE. (5 marks)
- (ii) Explain why there is no rise in temperature at AB and CD though heating is continuing. (2 marks)
- (b) An electric heater working for 15 minutes changes the temperature of 10 kg of water from 20 °C to 40 °C. (Specific heat capacity of water is 4200 J/kgK), Calculate:
- (i) the energy absorbed by water to heat up. (3 marks)
- (ii) the power of the heater. (2 marks)
- (c) What are the majority charge carriers in
- (i) n-type semi-conductors? (1 mark)
- (ii) p-type semi-conductors? (1 mark)
- (d) Name a device used in the generation of electrical energy which is made using semi-conductors. (1 mark)

7. (a) What is electromagnetic induction? (2 marks)
- (b) A transformer in a mobile phone charger converts 100 V mains voltage into 5 V. Given that the phone needs a current of 3 A when charging.
- (i) What type of transformer is found in the mobile phone charger? (1 mark)
- (ii) Calculate the current coming from the mains supply. (2 marks)
- (iii) If there are 300 turns of wire in the primary coil of the transformer, calculate the number of turns in the secondary coil. (2 marks)
- (c) What would you use to protect the following parts of the body at a construction site?
- (i) The head. (1 mark)
- (ii) The eyes. (1 mark)
- (iii) The fingers. (1 mark)
- (iv) The feet. (1 mark)

(d) State one harmful effect of the presence of an excess of each of the following gases in the atmosphere.

(i) Carbon dioxide (CO_2)

(1 mark)

(ii) Sulphur dioxide (SO_2)

(1 mark)

(iii) Chlorofluorocarbons (CFCs)

(1 mark)

(iv) Carbon monoxide (CO)

(1 mark)

8. (a) Consider a ray of light falling on a prism as shown in figure 4 below.

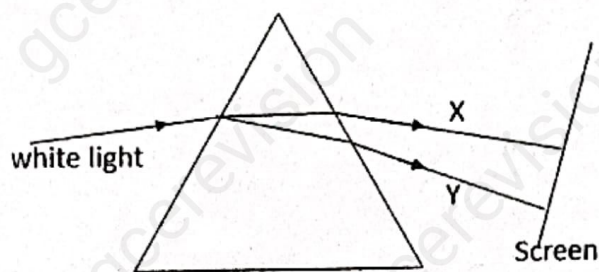


Figure 4

(i) What is the phenomenon demonstrated as the ray goes through the prism?

(1 mark)

(ii) Name the colours X and Y.

(2 marks)

(iii) Give two reasons why the incident rays splits into different colours on the screen.

(2 marks)

(b) A convex lens of focal length 8 cm is used to capture the image of an object placed in front of it. Given that the object is 4 times magnified, determine the object distance. (3 marks)

(c)

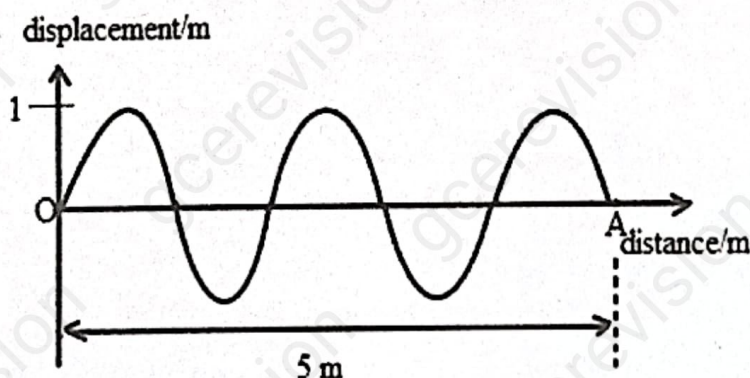


Figure 5

From figure 5, determine the:

(i) amplitude.

(1 mark)

(ii) wavelength.

(1 mark)

(iii) period if the wave profile take 3s to move from O to A.

(2 marks)

(d) State the main function each of the following electronic components.

(i) Capacitor

(1 mark)

(ii) Diode

(1 mark)

(iii) Transistor

(1 mark)