

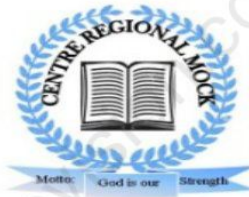
REPUBLIQUE DU CAMEROUN

PAIX – TRAVAIL – PATRIE



MINISTRE DES ENSEIGNEMENTS
SECONDAIRES

REGION DE CENTRE



REPUBLIC OF CAMEROON

PEACE – WORK – FATHERLAND

MINISTRY OF SECONDARY EDUCATION

CENTRE REGION

CENTRE REGIONAL MOCK EXAMINATION	SUBJECT CODE NUMBER 550	PAPER NUMBER 1
	SUBJECT TITLE GEOGRAPHY	
CANDIDATE NAME:		
CANDIDATE NUMBER:		
CENTRE NUMBER:		
Ordinary LEVEL	DATE: Wednesday 23 March 2023	

Time Allowed: One and a half

hours

GEOGRAPHY 1: MULTIPLE CHOICE QUESTION PAPER

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

Read the following instructions carefully before you start answering the questions in this paper.

Make sure you have a soft HB pencil and eraser for this examination.

1. Use a soft HB pencil throughout the examination
2. Do not open the booklet until you are told to do so.

Before the examination

3. Check that this questions paper is headed 'Ordinary Level Geography 750'
4. Insert the information required in the space provided.
5. Without opening the booklet, pull out your answer sheet carefully from inside the front cover of this booklet. Take care that you do not erase or fold the answer sheet or make any mark on it other than those asked for in this instructions.
6. Insert the information required in the space provided on the answer sheet using your HB pencil.

Candidate Name, Centre Number and Name, Candidate Number, Subject Code Number and Paper Number.

7. Answer all the 50 questions in the examination. All question carry equal marks.
8. Non-programmable calculators are allowed.
9. Each question has FOUR suggested answers: A, B, C and D. Decide on which answer is correct. Find the number of the question on the sheet and draw a horizontal line across the letter to join the square brackets for the answer you have chosen. For example if B is your correct answer, mark as shown below:
[A] [B] [C] [D]
10. Mark only one answer for each question. If you mark more than one answer, you will score a zero for that question. If you change your mind about an answer, erase that mark carefully, then mark your new answer.
11. Avoid spending too much time on any one question. You can come to these questions later.
12. Do all rough work in this booklet, using where necessary, and the blank spaces in the question booklet.
13. Mobile phones are not allowed in the examination room.
14. You must not take this booklet out of the examination room. All question booklets and answer sheets will be collected at the end of the examination.

1. In which of the following map scale will the features be more visible?
 - (A) 1:100000
 - (B) 1:10,000
 - (C) 1:25000
 - (D) 1:50,000
2. Which of the following makes it possible for a large surface area to be accurately represented on a small piece of paper.
 - (A) Distance
 - (B) Key
 - (C) Scale
 - (D) Conventional symbols.
3. A drainage pattern where tributaries join the main river at right angles.
 - (A) Trellis
 - (B) Dendritic
 - (C) Radial
 - (D) Parallel
4. An Ordnance survey map has a scale of 1/100.000. If the distance between two measured points is 32cm, what will be the actual distance?
 - A. 8km
 - B. 32km
 - C. 4km
 - D. 16km
5. Which of these is NOT an effect of the rotation of the earth?
 - A. Day and night
 - B. The deflection of winds and ocean current
 - C. The difference in four minutes between meridians
 - D. The four seasons
6. Why do pilots and ship captains follow great circles?
 - A. Because they are used in calculating time
 - B. Because they form the shortest distances between two locations
 - C. They run from any direction
 - D. Because they divide the globe into two equal halves
7. What is the longitude of a place whose local time is 7.00 PM when the local time of place X located on longitude 45° E is 3.00 PM?
 - A. 105° E
 - B. 60° W
 - C. 60° E
 - D. 105° E
8. All of the following except one are forms of precipitation. Identify the exception;
 - A. Rainfall
 - B. Hail stone
 - C. Ice
 - D. Snow
9. Lines drawn on weather maps joining places of equal rainfall:
 - A. Isobars
 - B Isohyets
 - C. Isotherms

- D. Isonephs
10. Which of these is NOT a means of adaptation of plants in the tropical desert biome?
- A. Long tap to absorb ground water
 - B. Thick succulent stems to store water
 - C. Large buttress roots to support trees
 - D. Thick seed coat to protect it from intense heat
11. Tectonic plates slide past each other at:
- A. Constructive margins
 - B. Destructive margins
 - C. Conservative margins
 - D. Subduction margins
12. Which of this is NOT a product of wind erosion?
- A. Barchans
 - B. Zeugens
 - C. Rock pedestal
 - D. Yardangs
13. Which of the following pairs of processes is associated with glacial erosion?
- A. Plucking and sapping
 - B. Solution and hydraulic action
 - C. Striation and attrition
 - D. Abratation and deflation
14. When do we describe a wave as constructive?
- A. when the swash is stronger than the backwash
 - B. when the backwash is stronger than the swah
 - C. when it has no backwash
 - D. when the backwash and the swash have equal strength
15. Which of the following is an extrusive volcanic landform?
- A. Composite cone
 - B. Sill
 - C. Dyke
 - D. Batholith
16. When water accumulates in a hollow on the earth surface, it forms:
- A. Lake
 - B. A spring
 - C. Well
 - D. An island
17. The wearing away of the sides of a river's channel by the load carried is called?
- A. Corrosion
 - B Attrition
 - C. Corrasion
 - D. Transportation
18. Chemical weathering takes place most effectively when conditions are:
- A. Dry all the time
 - B Warm and wet
 - C. Cold and dry
 - D. Cold and wet
- 19 Which of the following is not an element of weather and climate?
- A. Temperature

- B. Altitude
 - C. Pressure
 - D. Rainfall
20. Which soil is found in the coniferous forest ecosystem?
- A. Alluvial
 - B. Podzol
 - C. Chernozem
 - D. Brown earth
21. A normal fault is caused by:
- A. Compression
 - B. Folding
 - C. Tension
 - D. Tension and compression
22. All of the following are causes of climate change EXCEPT?
- A. Volcanic eruption
 - B. Combustion of fossil fuel
 - C. Deforestation
 - D. Renewable Energy sources
23. One consequence of global warming is:
- A. Increase in the thickness of the ozone layer
 - B. Decrease in the thickness of ice sheet
 - C. Reduction in the frequency of floods
 - D. Increase in the amount of pollution
24. A self-sustaining unit of the earth's surface containing living organisms and physical components is known as:
- A. Ecosystem
 - B. Ecology
 - C. Ecological niche
 - D. Biosphere
25. In Which Biome do we experience High temperature and rainfall which is evenly distributed all year round?
- A. Tropical marine
 - B. Tropical deciduous
 - C. Savanna
 - D. Selva.
26. The following are characteristics of the equatorial rainforest except one. Isolate the exception
- A. Trees have large crowns
 - B. Trees grow in 'stands'
 - C. Broad leaves
 - D. Trees are of three layers
27. The intensive cultivation of fruits, vegetables and flowers is:
- A. Truck farming
 - B. Mixed cropping
 - C. Orchard farming
 - D. Mixed farming
28. All of the following are indicators of underdevelopment EXCEPT:

- A. Literacy rate
 - B. Number of children per family
 - C. Amount of energy consumed
 - D. Number of patients per doctor
29. The millennium development goals are aimed at all of the following EXCEPT ONE:
- A. Eradicate extreme hunger and poverty
 - B. Provision of cheap loans and subsidies to industries
 - C. Reduce child mortality rate
 - D. Provide gender equality and women empowerment
30. The farming type with relatively low input of labour over a large piece of land, producing low yields per unit area of land refers to:
- A. Intensive farming
 - B. Commercial farming
 - C. Extensive farming
 - D. Subsistence farming
31. Which of the following is not a primary activity?
- A. Growing of food crops
 - B. The mining of stones
 - C. Weaving of basket
 - D. The hunting of animals for food
32. Which of the following is the cleanness source of energy?
- A. Wood
 - B. Coal
 - C. Petroleum
 - D. Hydroelectricity
33. The most important factor that favours the creation of a multipurpose River Development project is:
- A. Availability of large capital
 - B. High demand for water
 - C. The regular flow of a river
 - D. Availability of skilled labor
34. Which of the following is NOT a rural settlement pattern?
- A. Nucleated
 - B. Hamlet
 - C. Linear
 - D. Dispersed
35. The best method of mining when the ore lies deep below the surface is?
- A. Alluvial mining
 - B. shaft mining
 - C. Open cast mining
 - D. Drifting mining
36. The massive movement of people from rural areas to towns is called?
- A. Rural exodus
 - B. Urban- urban migration
 - C. Counter urbanization
 - D. Rural-rural migration

37. A broad-based population pyramid is composed mainly of:
- A. More male than females
 - B. Old dependents
 - C. Young dependents
 - D. Active age group
38. Which of the following is NOT a process of land reclamation?
- A. Irrigation
 - B. Polderization
 - C. Drainage
 - D. Desertification
39. Trade involving two countries is best known as?
- A. Multilateral trade
 - B. Bilateral trade
 - C. Two countries trade
 - D. World trade
40. If a surface area is 475,444 km² and its total population is 21,000,000. What is the population density of the area?
- A. 44.7 Persons km²
 - B. 33.0 Persons Km²
 - C. 22.2persons km²
 - D. 35.4 persons km²
41. All of the following are positive checks to population growth given by Malthus except one
- A. Covid19 out break
 - B. fighting in Yemen and Peru
 - C. famine and hunger in the horns of Africa
 - D Educating the girl child to delay marriage age
42. Which of the following modes of transport is the greatest bulk carrier?
- A. Air transport
 - B. Water transport
 - C. Rail transport
 - D. Road transport
43. In the industrial system, which of these is an input?
- A. Marketing
 - B. Power
 - C Waste
 - D. Revenue
44. The following are reasons for the low level of industrial development in the Least Industrialized Countries except one?
- A. High level of energy consumption
 - B. Political instability
 - C. Mismanagement of resources
 - D. Embezzlement of state funds
45. Soil erosion is caused by all of the following except?
- A. Overgrazing
 - B. Deforestation
 - C. Nature of relief
 - D. Terracing

46. A major tourist attraction in the Far North Region of Cameroon is?
- A. Waza national park
 - B. Dja forest reserve
 - C. Korup national park
 - D. Campo forest reserve
47. All of the following are relief regions in Cameroon EXCEPT ONE?
- A. The western highlands
 - B. The coastal lowlands
 - C. The Adamawa plateau
 - D. The Mandara mountain
48. All of the following are soil types in Cameroon EXCEPT ONE:
- A. Chernozem
 - B. Alluvial
 - C. Ferruginous
 - D. Volcanic
49. In which major climatic region does the Southern Region of Cameroon belong?
- A. Temperate climate
 - B. Tropical climate
 - C. Desert climate
 - D. Equatorial climate
50. A town created near a major city to serve for residential purpose is called
- A. Government residential quarter
 - B. Dormitory town
 - C. Resort town
 - D. Build up area