

GENERAL CERTIFICATE OF EDUCATION BOARD

General Certificate of Education Examination

JUNE 2024

ORDINARY LEVEL

Centre Number	A
Centre Name	C
Candidate Number	A
Candidate Name	A

Mobile phones are **NOT** allowed in the examination room.

MULTIPLE CHOICE QUESTION PAPER

Duration: One and a Half Hours

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

Read the following instructions carefully before you start answering the questions in this paper. Make sure you have a soft HB pencil and an eraser for this examination.

- USE A SOFT HB PENCIL THROUGHOUT THE EXAMINATION.
- DO NOT OPEN THIS BOOKLET UNTIL YOU ARE TOLD TO DO SO.

Before the examination begins:

- Check that this question booklet is headed "ORDINARY LEVEL – 0562 CITIZENSHIP EDUCATION I".

- Fill in the information required in the spaces above.

- Fill in the information required in the spaces provided on the answer sheet using your HB pencil:

Candidate Name, Exam Session, Subject Code and Candidate Identification Number.

Take care that you do not crease or fold the answer sheet or make any marks on it other than those asked for in these instructions.

How to answer the questions in this examination

- Answer **ALL** the 50 questions in this Examination. All questions carry equal marks.

- Each question has FOUR suggested answers: **A, B, C** and **D**. Decide which answer is appropriate. Find the number of the question on the Answer Sheet and draw a horizontal line across the letter to join the square brackets for the answer you have chosen.

For example, if **C** is your correct answer, mark C as shown below:

[A] [B] [C] [D]

- Mark only one answer for each question. If you mark more than one answer, you will score a zero for that question. If you change your mind about an answer, erase the first mark carefully, then mark your new answer.

- Avoid spending too much time on any one question. If you find a question difficult, move on to the next question. You can come back to this question later.

- Do all your rough work in this booklet using the blank spaces in the question booklet.

- At the end of the examination, the invigilator shall collect the answer sheet first and then the question booklet. **DO NOT ATTEMPT TO LEAVE THE EXAMINATION HALL WITH IT.**

Turn Over

1. Which of the following makes a person entitled to belong, live and to enjoy the full rights and privileges in a country?
 A Natural right
 B Legal right
 C patriotism
 D citizenship
-
2. A home characterized by conflicts, separation and divorce is referred to as a...
 A a cursed home.
 B a frustrated home.
 C an unhappy home.
 D a broken home.
-
3. A single - parent family is made up of ...
 A father, son and daughter.
 B father, aunt and uncle.
 C father, mother and children.
 D mother, step son and step daughter.
-
4. According to the United Nations Convention on the Rights of a Child, the following are rights of children **EXCEPT**:
 A The right to leisure
 B The right to protection
 C The right to a name
 D The right to vote
-
5. A smaller part of a tribe made up of a group of families related through a common ancestor or marriage is called...
 A quarter
 B clan
 C ethnic group
 D village
-
6. The transitional light that permits pedestrians to cross the road with care is...
 A the orange light.
 B the green light.
 C the red light.
 D the yellow light.
-
7. Which one of the following is a road safety measure that must be respected by motorists on the carriage way in Cameroon?
 A Facing oncoming traffic.
 B Avoiding the zebra.
 C Keeping to the right.
 D Parking on the pavement.
-
8. In technical schools, material for practical lessons is controlled by the...
 A Chief of Works.
 B Vice Principal.
 C Senior Discipline Master.
 D Principal.
-
9. Students are expected to take good care of the school environment by....
 A ensuring personal hygiene.
 B taking good care of the night watchman.
 C returning library books intact.
 D recycling domestic waste.
-
10. One important duty of a traditional ruler as custodian of village land is to...
 A prevent the sale of land to foreigners.
 B preside over important festivals in the village.
 C issue land titles to villagers.
 D refer land disputes to the Divisional Officer.
-
11. Which is the **most common** reason for some of the inter-village conflicts in Cameroon?
 A Influence of political elites
 B Quest for dominance
 C Land disputes
 D Sharing of water resources.
-
12. Which is the **most appropriate** reason for rural exodus?
 A Search for employment
 B To enjoy youthfulness
 C Health problems
 D Availability of electricity
-
13. Which human activity may **most likely** lead to environmental degradation?
 A Intensive use of solar energy
 B Industrial expansion
 C Recycling of domestic waste
 D Wind erosion
-
14. The following are consequences of environmental degradation, **EXCEPT**...
 A water scarcity.
 B extreme weather conditions.
 C spread of diseases.
 D fall in sea level.
-

15. In which of the following pairs of Regions in Cameroon do we find the Korup and Waza National Parks?

- A South West and Far North Regions
- B South West and North Regions
- C Adamawa and South West Regions
- D Centre and Far North Regions

16. Who does the Divisional Officer represent in the subdivision?

- A Senior Divisional Officer
- B Minister of Territorial Administration and Decentralisation
- C Governor
- D President of the Republic

17. Which department in the Governor's office handles political issues and relates with the forces of Law and Order to maintain peace?

- A General Secretariat
- B Cabinet
- C Private Secretariat
- D Legal and Financial Affairs

18. The Coordination and control of the different administrative units is the function of which Ministry in Cameroon?

- A Ministry of Public Service and Administrative Reforms
- B Ministry of Territorial Administration
- C Ministry of Decentralisation and Local Government
- D Ministry of Economic Planning and Regional Development

19. Bringing the administration closer to the people by the Cameroon government is called...

- A democracy.
- B regional balance.
- C decentralisation.
- D national integration.

20. If Mr. Ayuk awards a public contract to Mr. Kum simply because they were classmates in the primary school, Mr. Ayuk is guilty of...

- A bigotry.
- B nepotism.
- C fraud.
- D tribalism.

21. Vanessa is 14 years old and in Form 4. She left the house for school, but branched to her boyfriend's room and stayed there till closing time. Vanessa is guilty of...

- A prostitution.
- B peer pressure.
- C juvenile delinquency.
- D school dropout.

22. The devaluation of the CFA Franc in 1993 drove many civil servants into the habit of collecting extra charges for services rendered to citizens. This shows the direct relationship between...

- A bribery and tribalism.
- B poverty and unemployment.
- C low wages and corruption.
- D embezzlement and greed.

23. Which one of the following is both a cause and an effect of prostitution?

- A Sexually Transmitted Infections (STIs).
- B Unemployment.
- C Unwanted pregnancies.
- D Divorce.

24. The programme launched by the Cameroon government to fish out illegally employed citizens in the country is known as...

- A Operation Sparrow Hawk.
- B Operation Epervier.
- C Operation Antilope.
- D Operation Green Revolution.

25. Which of the following is a **preventive** measure taken by the Cameroon government against drug abuse?

- A Creation of treatment centres for drug addicts.
- B Fixing of minimum age for prescription of drugs.
- C Banning the importation of alcohol.
- D Intensification of the fight against poverty.

26. The best form of government has been acclaimed to be democracy because...

- A it eliminates social ills.
- B it is the government by elected majority.
- C it is the government by elected minority.
- D all citizens participate in elections.

Turn Over

27. How many of Cameroon's national symbols carry 'Peace-Work-Fatherland' on them?

- A 1
- B 2
- C 3
- D 4

28. Which Constitution moved Cameroon from a Federal Republic to a United Republic?

- A The 1961 Constitution
- B The 1972 Constitution
- C The 1984 Constitution
- D The 1996 Constitution

29. From the list below, identify an important change that was adopted in the 1996 Constitution.

- A The post of Prime Minister was created
- B The Cameroon National Anthem was modified
- C The name of the country was changed
- D There was the introduction of decentralisation.

30. The legislative arm of government in Cameroon is bi-cameral. This means that...

- A it has both lower and upper houses.
- B it has both men and women as members.
- C it makes and adopts laws at once.
- D members speak both English and French.

31. One important responsibility of a member of parliament towards citizens is to...

- A respect party discipline.
- B attend all parliamentary sessions.
- C complain in case of marginalisation.
- D represent the state in his/her constituency.

32. Which of the following requires the participation of all the three arms of government?

- A Control of government action by parliamentarians.
- B Appointment of members of the Constitutional Council.
- C Handling of election irregularities by the Supreme Court.
- D Adoption, promulgation and interpretation of laws.

33. In the electoral process, the practice of universal adult suffrage involves...

- A all male adults.
- B female and male adults.
- C the right to vote for everyone.
- D the right to vote for males only.

34. A situation in the country where the electorate is asked to either accept or reject a proposal on an issue of national importance is referred to as...

- A referendum.
- B democracy.
- C freedom of expression.
- D plebiscite.

35. The following are electoral malpractices in Cameroon **except**...

- A multiple voting.
- B campaign on polling day.
- C double counting of ballots.
- D rejection of null ballots.

36. Trade by Barter simply means the...

- A exchange of mirror for cowries.
- B exchange of human beings for finished goods.
- C exchange of goods for goods.
- D exchange of palm oil for pounds.

37. The main aim of social security in Cameroon is to...

- A limit the rate of highway accidents.
- B provide jobs to unemployed graduates.
- C cater for the welfare of employees.
- D offer assistance to disaster victims.

38. Identify a condition that is **not** necessary for economic growth to lead to economic development.

- A Capital flight.
- B Population expansion.
- C Political will.
- D Education and training.

39. Which of the following is **not** a source of government revenue?

- A Payment of salaries to civil servants
- B Custom duties
- C Borrowing from friendly nations
- D Sale of security bonds

40. Tax evasion is detrimental to the entire community because it leads to...

- A too much accumulation of wealth.
- B reduction in tax burden.
- C fall in investments.
- D low consumption of basic necessities.

41. No one, not even the State, can take away your inalienable rights because they are ...

- A inherited.
- B divine.
- C natural.
- D given by the state.

42. "Carries out investigations on the violation of human rights and reports to the government"
This is the duty of the ...

- A Universal Declaration of Human Rights.
- B International Court of Justice.
- C International Criminal Court.
- D National Commission on Human Rights and Freedoms.

43. Identify the date when the Universal Declaration of Human Rights was adopted by the UN General Assembly.

- A 10th May 1945
- B 10th December 1948
- C 8th June 1950
- D 10th May 1960

44. After a quarrel between your father and mother, they went to sleep in different rooms. You were so worried that you decided to visit each of them to find out the cause of the disagreement in order to arrive at a solution. This action of yours can be described as...

- A reconciliation.
- B armistice.
- C compromise.
- D collaboration.

45. The principal role of the Red Cross is...

- A to fight crime.
- B to care for those in trouble.
- C to promote Human Rights.
- D to prevent war.

46. An **outstanding effect** of conflict which retards a nation's progress and development is the...

- A outburst of violence.
- B loss of investments.
- C destruction of democratic institution.
- D crackdown on demonstrators.

47. Ideas or beliefs mostly about women which are bias and very often wrong, but are generally accepted, are known as...

- A gender stereotype.
- B gender violence.
- C women's marginalization.
- D gender inequality.

48. Which of the following is **most likely** to hinder the education of the girl child?

- A Early pregnancy
- B Poverty
- C Peer pressure
- D High cost of Education

49. One undesirable effect of globalization is...

- A increase in global output.
- B spread of education.
- C brain drain.
- D spread of multinationals.

50. A Form 2 student of 11 years old is sent home for fees and the parents ask him to hawk boiled groundnuts for 2 weeks, in order to raise the fees. This is an example of...

- A parental neglect.
- B child trafficking.
- C exploitation.
- D child labour.

STOP

GO BACK AND CHECK YOUR WORK