## GENERAL CERTIFICATE OF EDUCATION BOARD

General Certificate of Education Examination

| JUNE 2025        |           | ADVANCED LEVEL |
|------------------|-----------|----------------|
| Subject Title    | Economics |                |
| Paper No./Title  | 2         |                |
| Subject Code No. | 0725      | .01            |

**Duration: Three Hours** 

Answer FIVE questions, choosing AT LEAST TWO from each section. All questions carry equal marks.

You are reminded of the necessity for good English and orderly presentation in your answers.

Turn Over

## SECTION A

|          |            | SECTION A  |   |
|----------|------------|--|---|
| 1.       | (a)        | Explain the various types of merger.   | (10 marks)  |
|          | (b)        | What are the likely economic benefits to a firm when it grows in size?   | (10 marks)  |
| 2.       | (a)        | With the aid of a diagram (s), differentiate between minimum and maximum price legi  | islations.  |
|          |            |  | (12 marks   |
|          | (b)        | Identify the positive consequences of setting maximum price legislation.   | (8 marks  |
| 3.       | (a)        | Differentiate between monopoly and monopolistic competition.   | (12 1   |
|          | (b)        | Give the advantages of monopolistic competition.   | (12 marks)<br>(8 marks)   |
| 4.       | (a)        | What are the objectives of a trade union?  | (8 marks)   |
| (        | (b)        | Why might trade unions demand for higher wages?  | (12 marks)  |
| OF       |            | SECTION B  | Tarif Serjer  |
| 5.       | (a)        | Explain the following concepts:  |   |
|          |            | (i) shift in consumption   |   |
|          |            | <u> </u>   |   |
|          |            | (ii) marginal propensity to consume (MPC).   | (5+5 marks)   |
|          | (b)        | (ii) marginal propensity to consume (MPC).  What are the factors that may lead to a fall in household consumption in Cameroon?   | 113   |
| 5.       | (b)        | What are the factors that may lead to a fall in household consumption in Cameroon?   | (10 marks)  |
| 5.       |            |  | (10 marks)  |
| 5.       | (a)        | What are the factors that may lead to a fall in household consumption in Cameroon?  What do you understand by expansionary monetary policy?  | (10 marks)  |
| 5.       | (a)        | What are the factors that may lead to a fall in household consumption in Cameroon?  What do you understand by expansionary monetary policy?  How effective can interest rate be used to achieve:   | (10 marks)  |
| 5.       | (a)        | What are the factors that may lead to a fall in household consumption in Cameroon?  What do you understand by expansionary monetary policy?  How effective can interest rate be used to achieve:  (i) full employment?   | (10 marks)  |
| 5.       | (a)        | What are the factors that may lead to a fall in household consumption in Cameroon?  What do you understand by expansionary monetary policy?  How effective can interest rate be used to achieve:  (i) full employment?  (ii) economic growth?  (iii) price stability?  | (10 marks)<br>(5 marks)<br>(5+5+5 marks)                            |
| 5.       | (a)<br>(b) | What are the factors that may lead to a fall in household consumption in Cameroon?  What do you understand by expansionary monetary policy?  How effective can interest rate be used to achieve:  (i) full employment?  (ii) economic growth?  | (10 marks) (5 marks) (5+5+5 marks)                                  |
| 6.<br>7. | (a)<br>(b) | What are the factors that may lead to a fall in household consumption in Cameroon?  What do you understand by expansionary monetary policy?  How effective can interest rate be used to achieve:  (i) full employment?  (ii) economic growth?  (iii) price stability?  Distinguish a reproductive national debt from a deadweight national debt. | (5+5 marks) (10 marks) (5 marks) (5+5+5 marks) (8 marks) (12 marks) |