GENERAL CERTIFICATE OF EDUCATION BOARD General Certificate of Education Examination

JUNE 2025		ADVANCED LEVEL
Subject Title	Geology	THINGED HEVED
Paper No.	Paper 2	<u> </u>
Subject Code No.	0755	

Duration: Three Hours

Answer FOUR questions.
ALL QUESTIONS CARRY EQUAL MARKS.

You are reminded of the value of clear sketches, even when not specifically demanded by the wording of the question, and of the necessity for good English and orderly presentation in your answers.

____ Turn Over

1			
1.	(a)	Briefly explain the origin of the universe.	(4 marks)
	(b)	Give the significance of each of the following discontinuities:	(1,11111111)
		(i) Conrad discontinuity;	(3 marks)
		(ii) Moho discontinuity;	(3 marks)
		(iii) Gutenberg discontinuity.	(3 marks)
	(c)	Differentiate between the following pairs:	(o marks)
		(i) Earthquake focus and earthquake epicentre;	(2 marks)
		(ii) Body wave and surface wave;	(2 marks)
		(iii) Seismograph and seismogram.	
	(d)	What do you understand by the following geological concepts?	(2 marks)
	(4)	(i) Sea-floor spreading;	(2 1 -)
		(ii) Plate tectonics.	(3 marks)
		(ii) I late tectories.	(3 marks)
		0) 64, 41	(Total = 25 marks)
2	100		
2.	(a)	(i) Outline the symmetry elements of the holosymmetric classes of the	e cubic and
		orthorhombic systems.	(7 marks)
		(ii) State the law of constancy of interfacial angles.	(3 marks)
	(b)	Discuss the diagnostic physical properties, distribution in rocks and uses of	of the following
		minerals:	:5
		(i) Orthoclase feldspar;	
		(ii) Galena.	(12 marks)
	(c).	Outline the factors that control the specific gravity of minerals.	(3 marks)
	- 1	- Promo Branch or management	(Total = 25 marks)
			(10tai – 25 mai ks)
			. 6
3.	(a)	Describe the different types of rocks that result from the progressive region	onal
		Metamorphism of shale.	(12 marks)
	(b)	Outline a classification of faults based on dip values and the apparent rela	tive
		movement of the faulted blocks.	
	(c)		(8 marks)
	(0)	Describe and explain the formation of the following features:	(8 marks)
	(0)	Describe and explain the formation of the following features: (i) Inlier:	(8 marks)
	(0)	(i) Inlier;	(8 marks)
	(6)		
		(i) Inlier;	(5 marks)
	TAN STAN	(i) Inlier;	
4.	FRI	(i) Inlier; (ii) Dome.	(5 marks) (Total = 25 marks)
4.	(a)	(i) Inlier; (ii) Dome. Peridotite, dolerite and rhyolite are common igneous rocks. Discuss each	(5 marks) (Total = 25 marks)
4.	FRI	(i) Inlier; (ii) Dome. Peridotite, dolerite and rhyolite are common igneous rocks. Discuss each following headings:	(5 marks) (Total = 25 marks)
4.	FRI	(i) Inlier; (ii) Dome. Peridotite, dolerite and rhyolite are common igneous rocks. Discuss each following headings: (i) Composition;	(5 marks) (Total = 25 marks)
4.	FRI	(i) Inlier; (ii) Dome. Peridotite, dolerite and rhyolite are common igneous rocks. Discuss each following headings: (i) Composition; (ii) Texture;	(5 marks) (Total = 25 marks)
4.	FRI	(i) Inlier; (ii) Dome. Peridotite, dolerite and rhyolite are common igneous rocks. Discuss each following headings: (i) Composition; (ii) Texture; (iii) Rate of cooling;	(5 marks) (Total = 25 marks)
4.	FRI	(i) Inlier; (ii) Dome. Peridotite, dolerite and rhyolite are common igneous rocks. Discuss each following headings: (i) Composition; (ii) Texture;	(5 marks) (Total = 25 marks) of them under the
4.	(a)	(i) Inlier; (ii) Dome. Peridotite, dolerite and rhyolite are common igneous rocks. Discuss each following headings: (i) Composition; (ii) Texture; (iii) Rate of cooling; (iv) Field occurrence.	(5 marks) (Total = 25 marks) of them under the
4.	FRI	(i) Inlier; (ii) Dome. Peridotite, dolerite and rhyolite are common igneous rocks. Discuss each following headings: (i) Composition; (ii) Texture; (iii) Rate of cooling; (iv) Field occurrence. Using examples, briefly describe the following:	(5 marks) (Total = 25 marks) of them under the
4.	(a)	(i) Inlier; (ii) Dome. Peridotite, dolerite and rhyolite are common igneous rocks. Discuss each following headings: (i) Composition; (ii) Texture; (iii) Rate of cooling; (iv) Field occurrence. Using examples, briefly describe the following: (i) Placer deposits;	(5 marks) (Total = 25 marks) of them under the (12 marks)
4.	(a)	(i) Inlier; (ii) Dome. Peridotite, dolerite and rhyolite are common igneous rocks. Discuss each following headings: (i) Composition; (ii) Texture; (iii) Rate of cooling; (iv) Field occurrence. Using examples, briefly describe the following:	(5 marks) (Total = 25 marks) of them under the (12 marks)
4.	(a)	(i) Inlier; (ii) Dome. Peridotite, dolerite and rhyolite are common igneous rocks. Discuss each following headings: (i) Composition; (ii) Texture; (iii) Rate of cooling; (iv) Field occurrence. Using examples, briefly describe the following: (i) Placer deposits; (ii) Supergene enrichment deposits.	(5 marks) (Total = 25 marks) of them under the (12 marks)
4.	(a)	(i) Inlier; (ii) Dome. Peridotite, dolerite and rhyolite are common igneous rocks. Discuss each following headings: (i) Composition; (ii) Texture; (iii) Rate of cooling; (iv) Field occurrence. Using examples, briefly describe the following: (i) Placer deposits;	(5 marks) (Total = 25 marks) of them under the (12 marks)

3	(a)	Explai (i) (ii) (iii)	n how the following features are formed: Zeugen; Ox-bow lake; Sea stack.	(6 marks)
	(b)	Descrii palaeo	be and account for the origin of three sedimentary structures that can environments.	
201	(c)	(i) (ii)	Outline the qualities of basalt that can make it useful for construction Discuss two types of springs.	n. (4 marks) (6 marks) (Total = 25 marks)
6.	(a)	Briefly (i) (ii)	discuss Graptolites under the following headings: Mode of fossilisation; Evolutionary changes.	(12 marks)
	(b)	With th (i) (ii) (iii)	ne aid of diagrams, describe the following types of unconformities: Parallel unconformity; Heterolithic unconformity; Angular unconformity.	(9 marks)
	(c)	List and	d explain two factors that control the viscosity of magma.	(4 marks)
0				(Total = 25 marks)