

GENERAL CERTIFICATE OF EDUCATION BOARD
General Certificate of Education Examination

JUNE 2025

ADVANCED LEVEL

Subject Title	Geography
Paper No./Title	Paper 3
Subject Code No.	0750

Duration: Three and a Quarter Hours

Answer ALL THE THREE QUESTIONS.

Question ONE carries THIRTY-FOUR marks and the rest carry THIRTY-THREE marks each.

In answering questions on this paper, you are encouraged to refer to your own field and practical work where relevant.
Credit will be awarded for such references.

Marks will be awarded for well annotated maps and diagrams where these are relevant.

You are reminded of the necessity for good English and orderly presentation in your answers.

Non Programmable Calculators Are Allowed.

Materials required: Topographic map, Graph Paper and Photograph.

**SECTION A:
MAP WORK AND THE BASICS OF MODERN CARTOGRAPHY**

1. Study the Map of Santa and Environs at 1:50 000 and answer the questions that follow:

(a) With map evidence only:

(i) Describe the relief and show how it constitutes a constraint to the horizontal expansion of Santa. (6 marks)

(ii) Describe the drainage characteristics of the entire map (4 marks)

(iii) Suggest ONE measure each for relief and drainage that can be adopted to expand the Santa built-up area. (3 marks)

(iv) Suggest TWO reasons for the presence of the Bafut Ngemba Forest in the north east. (3 marks)

(b) With the aid of sketch map show the site and situation of the town of Santa (4 marks)

(c) (i) Calculate the Detour Index of the section of the Trans-national road from Mile 12 (1751) to the northern extreme. (4 marks)

(ii) State the significance of the result obtained. (2 marks)

(iii) Suggest TWO actions that can be taken to reduce deviations along the Trans-national road. (2 marks)

(d) (i) Identify and justify the environmental problem portrayed by the photograph. (2 marks)

(ii) Suggest two possible causes of the problem identified (2 marks)

(iii) State two measures that can be adopted to overcome the identified problem (2 marks)

TOTAL = (34 marks)

**SECTION B:
STATISTICAL TECHNIQUES**

2. (a) Study Table 1 below showing the distribution of settlements in part of the South West Region of Cameroon on a total land area of 50km².

Table 1: Distribution of Settlements in SW Cameroon.

Village		Nearest neighbour	Distance from nearest neighbour (km)
1	Limbe	Bonadikombo	1.5
2	Moliwe	Ombe	2.0
3	Ombe	Moliwe	2.0
4	Mutengene	Mile 14	3.0
5	Mile 14	Bolifamba	3.0
6	Bolifamba	Bulu	1.0
7	Bulu	Molyko	1.0
8	Molyko	Bonduma	1.5
9	Bondouma	Great Soppo	1.5
10	Great Soppo	Bokwango	2.0
11	Bokwango	Tole	2.0

Source: Hypothetical

(i) Calculate the mean distance between the neighbours.

(4 marks)

(ii) Using the Nearest Neighbour Index (R_n) formula stated as:

$$R_n = 2\bar{d} \sqrt{\frac{n}{A}}$$

Where R_n is the Nearest Neighbour Index, \bar{d} = the mean distance, n = the number of points or settlements and A = the total surface area.

Calculate the Nearest Neighbour Index for this distribution of settlements.

(6 marks)

(iii) Outline TWO significance and TWO limitations of the Nearest Neighbour Index

(4 marks)

(b) After a fieldwork exercise to investigate the relative importance of factors influencing the location of a soap factory in Yaoundé, a frequency table was established as shown below (Table 2).

**Table 2: Frequency table to show the most important factor
(that is, the number of times each factor appears)**

ITEMS	Frequency	Rank	Percentages	In degrees
1. Raw material	3	3 rd	19	
2. Power	1	4 th	6	
3. Labour	5	2 nd	31	112
4. Market	7	1 st	44	
Total	16		100	360

(i) Complete the table and represent the data using a pie chart. Let the radius of the circle be 4cm

(8 marks)

(ii) From the pie chart, which is the dominant locational factor? **Justify your answer.**

(2 marks)

(c). Study the table below, which shows the three towns in Cameroon as per population size (2012 population estimate) and answer the questions that follow.

Table 3: Three towns in Cameroon and their population size (2012 estimate)

Name	Population (2012 est.)
Yaounde	2,440,062
Bafoussam	301,894
Buea	119,039

(i) Using the outline map of Cameroon provided, represent the data using proportional circles.

Let 3cm be the maximum circle size.

(5 marks)

(ii) State two advantages and two disadvantages of proportional circles?

(2 marks)

(iii) Describe any other appropriate technique that can be used to represent the data

(2 marks)

TOTAL = (33 marks)

SECTION C:
FIELDWORK AND PROJECT-BASED LEARNING

3. EITHER

Based on fieldwork you have carried out **either in Physical or Human Geography**, choose **ONE** of the following topics:

- (i) Weather characteristics
- (ii) Coastal processes
- (iii) Soil characteristics
- (iv) Traffic flow characteristics
- (v) Rural or Urban land use/characteristics
- (vi) Agricultural or Industrial systems

- (a) Using a sketch map, locate the area of your fieldwork investigation. (5 marks)
 - (b) State your objective and hypothesis that guided your investigation of the topic. (3 marks)
 - (c) Outline the main type of data needed to verify the hypothesis. (4 marks)
 - (d) Describe how your data was collected. (6 marks)
 - (e) How was your data analyzed and presented? (6 marks)
 - (f) What were your findings in relation to the hypothesis and conclusion? (4 marks)
 - (g) State one problem encountered during the investigation and how it was overcome. (3 marks)
 - (h) Of what significance was the fieldwork to your community? (2 marks)
- TOTAL = (33 marks)**

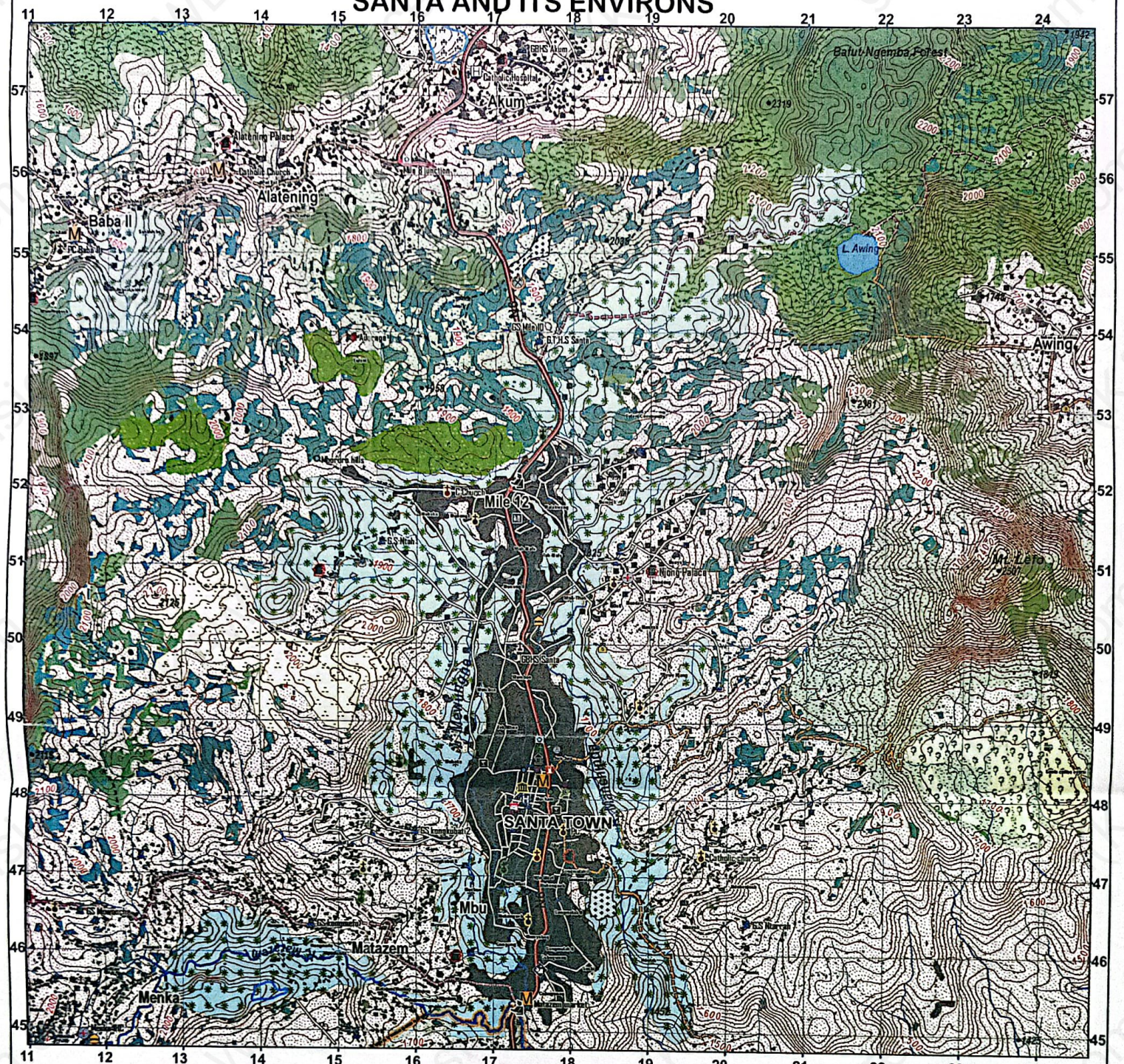
OR

Based on **any one project** you have investigated, answer the following questions;

- (a) Using a sketch map, locate where the project was carried out. (6 marks)
- (b) State the problem under study. (3 marks)
- (c) State the objective and the possible outcome of the results. (3 marks)
- (d) What was the duration of your studies and what resources were used? (4 marks)
- (e) Briefly describe how the investigation was carried out. (4 marks)
- (f) How was the data analyzed and presented? (6 marks)
- (g) Suggest any two solutions to the problem investigated. (4 marks)
- (h) Of what importance were the findings to your community? (3 marks)

(TOTAL = 33 marks)

SANTA AND ITS ENVIRONS



Landuse/Landcover

Agricultural	Other Landuses
Arable Land	Urban Settlement
Mechanised Farming	Rural Settlement
Orchard	Sporting Ground
Palm Plantation	Greenspace
Tea Plantation	
Market Gardening	
Indigenous Mixed Tree Cropping	
Coffee Estate	
Ranch	

Vegetation

Evergreen Forest
Montane Forest
Eucalyptus
Wooded Savanna
Scrub
Degraded Surface

Relief Elements

Trigonometrical station
Benchmark
Spot height
Main Contour(100m)
Minor Contour(20m)
Contour Interval = 10m
Escarpment

Hydrography

River
Stream
Waterbody
Swamp
Waterfall

Road Infrastructure

Trans-national
Regional
Divisional(Not tarred)
Tertiary(Not tarred)
Residential(Not tarred)
Footpath
Track
Roads Under construction

KEY

Scale

1:50,000

2Cm represent 1km

Administrative boundaries

1. Regional	2. Divisional
3. Sub-Divisional	4. Ethnic

General Features

Educational Facilities..... 1. Government Bilingual College 2. Government College 3. Confessional College 4. Private College 5. Government Primary School 6. Private Primary 7. Professional School Potable Water ... 1. Water Treatment Center 2. Storage Tank 3. Stand tap 4. Improved Spring 5. Spring Transport Facilities.... 1. Bus Station 2. Motor park 3. Fuel Station 4. Garage 5. Driving School 6. Car Salespoint 7. Car Washing point Communication 1. TV Station 2. Radio Station 3. Post Office 4. Cyber Cafe 5. Printing Press 6. Antenna Commercial Facilities..... 1. Big Market 2. Market 3. Retail Shop 4. Cattle Market 5. Slaughter house Financial Institutions..... 1. Finance building 2. Bank 3. Micro Finance 4. Express Exchange Administration..... 1. DO's Office 2. Municipal Council 3. Public Office Judiciary/Security..... 1. Court 2. Customary Court 3. Police Station 4. Gardamarie Brigade 5. Military Base 6. Fire Brigade 7. Prison 8. Police Control 9. Custom Office Health Facilities..... 1. District Hospital 2. Hospital 3. Medicalised Health Center 4. Integrated Health Center 5. Health Center 6. Clinic 7. Pharmacy 8. Traditional Clinic Tourist Facilities..... 1. Big Hotel 2. Hotel 3. Inn 4. Rest Home 5. SIC Houses 6. Cinema Hall 7. Nightclub 8. Restaurant 9. SnackBar Tourist Destinations.... 1. Big Palace 2. Palace 3. Handicraft Center 4. Manjong Hall 5. Tourist Information Center Research Institutions.. 1. Agro Research Institute 2. Experimental Center 3. Research Institutions 4. Non-governmental Organisation Children's Home..... 1. Orphanage 2. Children's Care Center Religious Institutions.... 1. Cathedral 2. Catholic Church 3. Presbyterian Church 4. Baptist Church 5. Evangelical Church 6. Pentecostal Church 7. Mosque 8. Kingdom Hall 9. Seminary 10. Convent 11. Cemetery Resource Exploitation.... 12 Pilgrimage Center Production/Public utility.. 1. Forest Exploitation 2. Stone Mining 3. Sand Mining 4. Bakery 2. Trashcan 3. Toilet 4. Community Hall
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SEPARATE SHEET (INSERT) IN COLOUR

Photo for Question 1d(i)

Figure 1: Photo of settlement



**SEPARATE SHEET (INSERT)
MAP FOR QUESTION 2 c(i)**

